Curriculum Skills and Progression Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education: 2023 to 2024

Incorporating:

- Relationships and Sex Education (RSE)
- Mental Health Education
- Economic Well Being Education
- Health Education



The PSHE Education Curriculum and Christian Distinctiveness at Horsford CofE VA Primary School

PSHE

Our Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education is fully embedded within our curriculum here at Horsford CE VA Primary School as well as running through our core values of **Compassion**, **Responsibility** and **Courage**.

Our PSHE education lessons bring together citizenship with personal wellbeing, whilst promoting and upholding fundamental British Values. The topics covered allow pupils the opportunity to self-reflect, identify their strengths, achievements and emotions, as well as teaching them the attitude needed for success thereby encouraging our pupils to flourish.

The units around Relationships and Living in the Wider World allow pupils to consider '**Compassion'** and the relationships they have with the important people in their lives (VIPs), as well as encouraging them to be kind to themselves.

The Living in the Wider World unit gives pupils the opportunity to learn about different cultures, ethnicities and faiths and respecting similarities and differences, encouraging them to have '**Compassion'** and respect one another.

In the Aiming High and Money Matters units, pupils consider their aspirations and learn the 'Courage' needed for their future jobs/careers.

The Diverse Britain and One World units allow pupils to learn about diversity and the benefits and '**Responsibility'** that comes with living in a diverse community, considering the different contributions people can make to a community, as well as the shared responsibility we all have to protect the environment and the world we live in.

RSE

The RSE curriculum compliments the PSHE education curriculum taught at Horsford CE VA Primary School. The approach of the RSE curriculum allows pupils to talk positively about healthy, fulfilling relationships based on '**Compassion'**, trust, respect and communication, encouraging pupils to aspire to and enjoy healthy and respectful relationships. RSE lessons empower children to feel '**Courage'** as they learn to build self-esteem, positive and open views, supporting mutual respect and celebration of self and others. Pupils can develop their own values and skills to put into practice in the real world showing their '**Responsibility'** towards the school community as they learn to make safe choices and healthy decisions, whilst exploring their views and learning from the views of others.

Our school bible story is **The Good Samaritan**. The Good Samaritan was a man of compassion, courage and responsibility, who saw it upon himself to always do the right thing by others. Even in times of austerity, when it felt scary to do so, he was courageous in the choices he made. He helped more than just his friends, because he believed it was important to value everybody, whoever they were. In the moment, he took responsibility when another was in need, because it was just the right thing to do. He made a difference, not just to one person, but to scores of communities who heard of the humility he showed. This story encapsulates our school values and the PSHE education units around relationships in particular, which encourage pupils to support one another by showing compassion and to recognise the importance of everyone's unique role within a team and the value they can bring.

'Spirituality is the bitter-sweet yearning for beauty, truth, love and wonder beyond ourselves. It is a longing we pursue together and a treasure we glimpse in ourselves and one another and seek beyond us into eternity. It is life in all its fullness.'



The PSHE Education Curriculum and Provision for Pupils with SEND

At Horsford C of E VA Primary school, we believe all pupils should have the opportunity to learn to the best of their capabilities through a broad and balanced, inclusive curriculum. For our pupils with a Special Educational Need, we scaffold their learning to provide them with the strongest opportunities for success in our school. We believe firmly in the SEND Code of Practice's statement that 'every teacher is a teacher of SEN' and that our pupils with SEN should be provided with the same opportunities as their peers in our school. This means that, with their learning being personalised to meet their areas of need, they feel included in the classroom and make progress year on year. Reasonable adjustments are made in all lessons to enable this.

The PSHE Education curriculum can be adapted to meet the needs of children with SEND in the following ways.

Mixed ability groups – using peers as support and role models	Word lists of key vocabulary for pre-learning and as prompts
Adult assistance nearby	A safe/quiet space in or near the classroom
Clipboards - flexibility of where to sit	Visual and Picture aids
Draw answers or explanations	Emotion fans/PATHS cards
Targets made clear for lessons and learning – linked to IEP	Extra RSE learning/PANTS video to understand appropriate behaviour and emotions
iPad to record ideas	Allow talk time for those who find recording difficult
'Memory' buddy – prompt each other	Use of a scribe
Equipment adapted for needs (books, scissors, pencils, whiteboard)	Worry monsters and boxes

When planning for PHSE Education class teachers should adapt their lessons where necessary using ideas taken from this list, however it is important to remember this list is not exhaustive and other adaptations may be needed for children with specific needs.

Skills Map – Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education

Although we teach PSHE in discreet, weekly lessons, it runs as a thread throughout the school's timetable and is therefore present in everyday teaching, collective worship, extra-curricular clubs and activities within lessons. It is intended that throughout our teaching of PSHE, we are offering a cohesive whole-school approach that enables our pupils to make informed decisions, seek help and support and become independent, healthy and responsible members of society.

Curriculum overview and delivery

Our PSHE Education will deliver an inclusive, diverse curriculum that enables pupils to build on their prior learning by revisiting themes and examining current social issues affecting their lives. The curriculum allows the pupils to develop their knowledge, values and skills in an age and stage-appropriate manner.

Our PSHE Education curriculum promotes spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development in order to prepare our pupils for life in the wider world. We ensure that throughout their time here at Horsford CE VA Primary School, our pupils will have the opportunity to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills that they will need to manage their lives now and in the future. They will:

- 1. Have opportunities to explore, clarify and, if necessary, challenge their own and others' values, attitudes, beliefs, rights and responsibilities.
- 2. Be provided with the skills, language and strategies needed to live healthy, safe, fulfilling, responsible lives.
- 3. Have opportunities to develop positive attributes such as resilience, self-confidence, self-esteem and empathy.

The purpose of each of our PSHE Education lessons is to answer questions about the wider world, the status quo and to develop pupils' understanding of the workings of communities. Consequently, it is harder to determine what Greater Depth looks like within discrete lessons. Instead, we look to individuals and how they perceive their role in their lives, their communities and their abilities to make a difference. By using individual case studies, conversations and the attitudes of pupils in our school, we can get a true understanding of their knowledge, beliefs and values towards their roles and responsibilities to the wider world.

The PSHE Education and RSE curriculum should be spiral throughout each school year to cover each objective below. RSE topics are displayed below the PSHE topics in the curriculum overview below. The lessons can be mixed and matched as the teacher feels necessary or deems of particular benefit to their class at that time.

Due to the nature of our PSHE lessons, we do not produce the same amount of in-depth written work as other subjects. We instead opt for deeper thinking and discussions during our sessions to promote an inclusive environment for all children, regardless of their knowledge and ability. However, some topics require written activities in order to consolidate pupils' learning. Lessons are designed to follow the class' interests and discussions, specific writing opportunities cannot be planned for in advance and instead teachers use their own initiative when planning writing opportunities.

Our evidence of PSHE comes in a wide range of ways depending on the teacher's preference. Some teachers keep a scrapbook of the work produced by their class; others may choose to keep a digital record. We also have different displays around school demonstrating the vast range of activities we carry out here at Horsford CE VA Primary School including British Values, Respect and Democracy (including school council).

	Curriculum Map – PSHE Education						
	EYFS	nowledge and Understanding – Pup KS1	ls know and understand Lower KS2	Upper KS2			
Social Justice and Equity	 what is fair and unfair importance of caring and sharing 	 what fairness means examples of what it can mean to be rich or poor in local and other contexts 	how fairness may not always mean equal treatment	 some causes and effects of poverty and inequality (including gender inequalities) at local, national and global levels 			
Identity and Diversity	 uniqueness and value of every person similarities and differences between self and others 	 similarities and differences between peoples in local setting and also in wider contexts what contributes to self-identity and belonging 	 diversity of cultures and societies within and beyond own experience contributions of different cultures to our lives nature of prejudice, racism and sexism and ways to combat these impacts of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination and how to challenge these 	 impacts of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination and how to challenge these importance of language, beliefs and values in cultural identities 			
Peace and Conflict	 how own actions have consequences some basic ways to avoid, manage and resolve conflict 	 causes of disagreement and conflict at personal, classroom and household levels some ways of avoiding, managing and resolving conflict 	 some causes and effects of conflict at all levels from personal to global strategies for managing, resolving and preventing conflict, including 'win-win' solutions 	 examples of conflicts past and present in own society and others importance of resolving conflict fairly 			
Human Rights	basic needs for human life	 rights in class and school the need to respect the rights of others basic human rights and how some people have these denied 	 UN Convention on the Rights of the Child reasons why some people have their rights denied those responsible for rights being met 	 importance of citizens, societies and governments respecting and defending people's human rights current and historical 			
Power and Governance	 rules in class and school how rules can help us 	 how to take part in making and changing rules in own class / school uneven sharing of power and how some people are excluded from decision-making 	 the need for rules in own school and wider society and how people can take part in making and changing them basics of how own country is governed 	 how a lack of power and representation can result in discrimination and exclusion the power of collective action 			
Critical and Creative Thinking	 ask questions suggest a way to solve a problem wonder about ideas 	 ask relevant questions consider merits of different viewpoints use different approaches to solve problems 	 begin to identify bias and opinion give evidence for an argument, assess different viewpoints and present counterarguments imagine alternative possibilities and suggest new ideas to solve problems 	 evaluate media and other sources for bias, stereotypes and range of voices and perspectives analyse own and others' assumptions about people and issues keep mind open to new ideas 			
Empathy	 show sensitivity to people's feelings and needs 	 show awareness of, and concern for, people's feelings show interest in, and concern for, others outside immediate circle and in contexts different to own 	 adapt behaviour to take into account feelings of others empathise with people in local and more distant contexts understand impacts of prejudice and discrimination 	 discern how people are feeling through their words, body language, gestures and tone recognise how different backgrounds, beliefs and personalities affect behaviour and world views 			

	Curriculum Map – PSHE Education						
		Skills – Pupils ca					
Self-awareness and reflection	 EYFS recognise, name and deal with feelings in a positive way notice some effects of own actions on others identify how people are feeling (e.g. happy, sad, worried) 	 KS1 recognise effects of own behaviour on others and use this to help make choices identify matters that are important to self and others learn from mistakes and use feedback 	Lower KS2 identify connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally explore reasons for negative feelings towards others and in new or difficult situations 	Upper KS2 recognise personal strengths and weaknesses evaluate ways in which own emotions, words and behaviour can affect people both locally and globally			
Communication	 listen to others take turns to express a view 	 participate in discussions about issues that affect self, others and the wider world state opinions and start to give reasons for these listen carefully to others 	 listen attentively, question and respond to others express own views and ideas on issues clearly, using a range of appropriate methods give reasons, evidence and examples in support of an opinion 	 communicate effectively through a range of media about issues to suit subject, audience and purpose use active listening skills adapt behaviour to new cultural environments 			
Cooperation and Conflict Resolution	 participate in group activities take turns and share manage disputes peacefully 	 play and work cooperatively help to ensure that everyone in own group is included begin to show tact and diplomacy 	 work cooperatively to solve problems or achieve goals use strategies to manage anger, frustration and aggressive feelings use knowledge of others' viewpoints to resolve problems and compromise 	 take on different roles in group work employ effective strategies for repairing damaged relationships 			
Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty	ask for help if unsure what to do	 describe feelings about changes in own life and locally 	 describe feelings about changes and events in own setting and the wider world use strategies to cope with challenging times recognise when there may be no single right or wrong answer 	 adapt to new situations and explore new ways of seeing local and global issues explore multiple perspectives and alternative visions of the future 			
Informed and reflective action	support others in group or class	 contribute actively and constructively to the life of own class and school take action when something is unfair 	 participate in decision making in school contribute to the well-being of the wider community share opinions and evidence on issues with others including decision-makers and elected representatives 	 identify and plan appropriate action(s) and opportunities to make own voice heard challenge viewpoints which perpetuate inequality and injustice reflect on learning from taking action 			

	Curriculum Map – PSHE Education Attitudes – Pupils have					
	EYFS	KS1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2		
Sense of identity and self-esteem	 awareness of self and own uniqueness sense of self-worth and worth of others 	 sense of belonging and valuing of relationships with others awareness of, and pride in, own individuality 	 positivity about the ways in which one is both similar to others and uniquely different value what contributes to own identity 	 valuing of own and others' individuality openness to new ideas and perspectives which challenge own 		
Commitment to social justice and equity	 sense of fair play willingness to take turns and share 	 willingness to stand up and speak up for others fairness in dealings with others 	 offence at unfair treatment of others locally and globally sense of justice growing interest in world events and global issues 	 active concern at injustice, exploitation and denial of human rights willingness to take action against injustice and inequity 		
Respect for people and human rights	 starting to think of others 	 respect for other people's feelings and ideas respect for the rights of others belief that everyone has equal rights 	 readiness to think through consequences of words, actions and choices on others belief that it is everyone's responsibility to challenge prejudice and discrimination 	 sense of solidarity with those suffering human rights violations, injustice and discrimination 		
Value diversity	 positive attitude towards difference and diversity willingness to listen to the ideas of others 	 valuing others as equal and different willingness to listen respectfully to the ideas and views of others even when one disagrees willingness to learn from the experiences of others 	 valuing difference recognising the benefits of listening to a range of different perspectives and viewpoints 	 respect for the rights of all to have a point of view willingness to challenge prejudiced and discriminatory views recognition of diverse perspectives on any issue, and that the majority view is not always right 		
Commitment to participation and inclusion	 willingness to play fairly and inclusively with others 	 willingness to participate in activities both inside and outside of the classroom belief that that everyone should be included and able to participate 	 active participation in school-based decision making proactive inclusion of other people, especially those who may face barriers to participating fully 	 supporting and encouraging others to participate willingness to reach agreement through compromise 		
Belief that people can bring about change	 belief that everyone can do things to improve surroundings and support others 	 belief that people can make a difference, both on their own and when they work together 	 belief that individuals and groups can improve situations willingness to cooperate with others to change things for the better 	 willingness to take an informed stand on global issues belief that people can often make a greater difference when they take action collectively 		

Year Reception: PSHE Education Curriculum Content

Personal, social and emotional development

EYFS Statutory Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others.

Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Self- Regulation ELG

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly;

- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate;

- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Managing Self ELG

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge;

- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly;

- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building Relationships ELG

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others;

- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Understanding the world

EYFS Statutory Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Past and present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.

Inquiry

RSE is covered throughout the year using the scheme of work. Throughout reception we work with the children to develop their personal, social and emotional skills.

	Reception: PSHE Education Curriculum					
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	
 School Rules – our rules are there to keep us all feeling happy, safe and respected. Read 'Oi Frog!' by Kes Gray and 'Finn's Little Fibs' by Tom Percival We Are a Class – Class rules and routines. 'Choose it, use it and put it away. Learning about how positive behaviour helps us all to learn. Read The Colour Monster Goes to School' by Anna Llenas and/or 'Dog's Guide to Helping Others' by Lisa Edwards Compliments 1 – What is a 'compliment'? Recognising and sharing things we like about ourselves and others. Read 'The Rainbow Fish' by Marcus Pfister NSPCC PANTS – Some things are private; some places are private. Watch/sing PANTS 	 How Are You? – exploring comfortable and uncomfortable feelings & what to do. <i>Read 'The Great Big</i> <i>Book of Feelings' by Mary</i> <i>Hoffman and/or 'The Colour</i> <i>Monster' by Anna Llenas</i> <i>and/or 'Sloth's Guide to</i> <i>Keeping Calm' by Lisa Edwards</i> <i>and/or 'How Do You Feel?' by</i> <i>Mandy Stanley</i> Bubble, Bubble, POP! 1 – How can we manage Uncomfortable feelings? <i>Read 'Barbara</i> <i>Throws a Wobbler' by Nadia</i> <i>Shireen and/or 'Ravi's Roar' by</i> <i>Tom Percival</i> Compliments 2 – Tell me about your greatness! Exploring positive words to describe. <i>Read 'Tell Me Your Greatness'</i> Bubble, Bubble, POP! 2 – How Could We Manage Uncomfortable feelings? <i>Read</i> <i>'Ruby's Worry' by Tom Percival</i> 	Values – Our school values help us to remember to be the best we can be: Compassion – What does being 'Compassionate', mean? Link to school/class rules. Read 'Kind' by Alison Green and/or 'Dick the Delightful Duck' by Kaye Umansky Courage – What does being 'Courageous' mean? Link to school/class rules. Read 'A Little Bit Brave' by Nicola Kinnear and/or 'The Proudest Blue' by Ibtihaj Muhammad Responsibility – What does being 'Responsible' mean? Link to school/class rules. Consequences of actions. Read 'Dear Greenpeace' by Simon James and/or 'Somebody Swallowed Stanley' by Sarah Robeerts and/or 'Somebody Crunched Colin' by Sarah	 Friends United – Making and developing friendships. Read 'Elephant's Guide to Making Friends' by Lisa Edwards and/or 'Dave the Lonely Monster' by Anna Kemp and/or 'I'm Not Your Friend' by Sam McRatny Kindness Grows – being caring towards others makes them and us feel better. Read 'Kindness Grows' by Britta Teckentrup and/or 'Misery Moo' by Tony Ross Compliments 3 – Recognising our own and others' different strengths and abilities and celebrating them. Being proud of ourselves/others. Read 'Dog's Don't Do Ballet' by Anna Kemp and/or 'Pertty' by Canizales and/or 'Dandylion' by Lizzie Finlay and/or 'Perfectly Norman' by Tom Percival 	 Keeping Fit – choices about looking after their bodies. Making safer choices about their body and exercise. <i>Read</i> <i>'Kangeroo's Guide to Keeping</i> <i>Fit' by Lisa Edwards</i> Sleep, Wash, Repeat! – choices about looking after their bodies. Making choices about sleep and cleanliness. Read <i>'Leopard's Guide to Keeping</i> Clean' by Lisa Edwards and/or <i>'Koala's Guide to Sleep'</i> Five a Day! – Exploring diet and healthy eating choices. <i>Read</i> <i>'Ever Eat a Tomato' by Lauren</i> Child and/or <i>'Lemur's Guide to</i> <i>Healthy Eating' by Lisa</i> <i>Edwards</i> 	Aiming High – exploring setting goals. Looking at achievements so far and the attitude needed for success. <i>Read 'The Gecko</i> and the Echo' by Rachel Bright & Jim Field and/or Read 'Harold Finds a Voice' by Courtney Dicmas Don't Stop Believing (In Yourself) – You can do it, keep trying! Read 'The Koala Who Could' by Rachel Bright & Jim Field and/or Read 'Tilda Tries Again' by Tom Percival and/or 'When Jelly Had a Wobble' by Michelle Robinson Looking After <u>All</u> of Ourselves – choices we make and thinking positively or negatively can affect how we feel on the inside. Read 'Panda's Guide to Mental Wellbeing' by Lisa Edwards and/or 'My Monster and Me' by Nadiya Hussain	
song Key Vocabulary behaviour, choices, learn(ing), rules, happy, safe, respect(ed), compliment, private	and/or 'When Cucumber Lost His Cool' by Michelle Robinson Key Vocabulary feelings, comfortable, uncomfortable	Key Vocabulary compassion, courage, responsibility, consequence	Key Vocabulary talent, skills, different, proud	Key Vocabulary healthy, unhealthy, choices, exercise, diet, hygenic	Key Vocabulary goals, achievements, positive, negative, attitude, success,	

		Year Reception	n: RSE Curriculum		
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can identify a range of feelings and how these are expressed, including words to describe them and simple strategies for managing feelings.	Pupils know the importance of basic personal hygiene and understand how to maintain basic personal hygiene.	Pupils understand that there are similarities and differences between everyone and can celebrate this.	Pupils can recognize what they like and dislike and feel empowered to make real, informed choices.	Pupils understand the concept of privacy, including the right to keep things private and the right another person has to privacy.	Pupils can identify the special people in their lives, what makes them special and how special people care for one another.
	Skills			Outcomes	
 Can they show that family and friends should care for each other? Can they identify and respect differences and similarities between people? Can they recognise, name and deal with feelings in a positive way? Can they notice some effects of own actions on others? Can they identify how people are feeling (e.g. happy, sad, worried)? Can they participate in group activities, take turns, share and manage disputes peacefully? Can they ask for help if unsure on what to do? 			 To recognise some feelings To recognise that their behaviour affects other people, especially when angry To know who to ask for help To understand some basic hygiene principles and how to keep clean To recognise how their own actions have consequences. To have some basic ways of avoiding, managing and resolving conflict. To demonstrate a positive attitude towards difference and diversity. 		
		Vocabulary fo	r EYFS RSE Education		
feelings, comfortable, uncomfortable	hygiene, germs, clean, protect	similar, different, same	like, dislike, choices, difficult	private	special
	·	Year Reception Deep	per Learning Questions		
	ns you may like to ask your cl urriculum. Class teachers to i		own discretion and adapt the ney need to make changes.	questions if they feel it is app	ropriate due to the needs
Autumn 1: My feelings	Autumn 2: My body	Spring 1: My relationships	Spring 2 : My beliefs	Summer 1 : My rights and responsibilities	Summer 2: Asking for help
'What can you do if you feel 'x'?'	'Why is it important to wash our hands?'	'How can you make a friend?'	'How do you feel when you get to choose?'	'What is a private space?'	'What makes you special?' 'Who can we ask for help?
'How can you help someone if they feel?'	'How can does being healthy and clean help us?'	'What is a compliment?' 'Why is it important to give compliments?'	'What does it feel like when you can't choose?'		

	Year 1: PSHE Education Curriculum					
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	
NSPCC PANTS						
TEAM (Together	Think Positive – feelings	Diverse Britain – we live	Be Yourself – confidence to	It's My Body – choices	Aiming High - goals and	
Everyone Achieves	(comfortable and	in a diverse, multicultural	be yourself. Identifying	about looking after their	aspirations. Looking at	
More) – if a class team	uncomfortable) and how	and democratic society.	strengths and	bodies. Making safer	achievements so far and	
works well together, it	our attitude towards life	The need to be respectful	achievements and	choices about their body,	the attitude needed for	
has a positive impact on	can affect mental health.	of difference.	recognising different	sleep and exercise, diet,	success.	
all of its members and			emotions.	cleanliness and		
what they can achieve, how an individual's actions can impact the team. R1. To learn about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives R2. To identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for R7. To learn about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do R9. To understand how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy R10. To understand that bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online R11. To learn about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying	 R7. To learn about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do R21. To learn about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others R25. To understand how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them H1. To learn about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy H11. To learn about different feelings that humans can experience H12. To understand how to recognise and name different feelings H13. To learn how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H17. To learn about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep) H18. To know the different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm 	 R21. To learn about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others R23. To recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others R25. To know how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them L1. To learn about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations L2. To understand how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them L3. To learn about things they can do to help look after their environment L4. To learn about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community L6. To recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people 	 R25. To learn how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them H12. To learn how to recognise and name different feelings H13. To learn how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H14. To learn how to recognise what others might be feeling H15. To recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H16. To learn about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings H18. To understand different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good H19. To recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it H20. To learn about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated 	substances. R13. To recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private R16. H12. To learn how to recognise and name different feelings R17. To know there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought R18. To learn about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually) R20. To know what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard	 R23. To recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others R25. To know how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them H20. To learn about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better H21. To recognise what makes them special H23. To identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike H24. To know how to manage when finding things difficult L14. To know that everyone has different strengths L15. To know the different jobs that people to earn money to pay for things L16. To know the different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do L17. To learn about some of the strengths and interests 	

R12. To understand that	themselves down and/or		with this to recognize what	H1. To learn about what	compone might need to de
hurtful behaviour (offline and			with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better		someone might need to do different jobs
	change their mood when they			keeping healthy means;	different jobs
online) including teasing,	don't feel good		H21. To recognise what makes	different ways to keep healthy	
name-calling, bullying and	H19. To recognise when they		them special	H2. To learn about foods that	
deliberately excluding others	need help with feelings; that it		H22. To recognise the ways in	support good health and the	
is not acceptable; how to	is important to ask for help		which we are all unique	risks of eating too much sugar	
report bullying; the	with feelings; and how to ask		H23. To identify what they are	H3. To learn about how	
importance of telling a	for it		good at, what they like and	physical activity helps us to stay	
trusted adult	H23. To identify what they are		dislike	healthy; and ways to be	
R21. To learn about what is	good at, what they like and			physically active everyday	
kind and unkind behaviour,	dislike			H4. To learn about why sleep is	
and how this can affect	H24. To learn how to manage			important and different ways	
others	when finding things difficult			to rest and relax	
R22. To learn about how to				H5. To know simple hygiene	
treat themselves and others				routines that can stop germs	
with respect; how to be polite				from spreading	
and courteous				H6. To understand that	
R23. To recognise the ways in				medicines (including	
which they are the same and				vaccinations and	
different to others				immunisations and those that	
R24. To understand how to				support allergic reactions) can	
listen to other people and				help people to stay healthy	
play and work cooperatively				H7. To learn about dental care	
H23. To identify what they				and visiting the dentist; how to	
are good at, what they like				brush teeth correctly; food and	
and dislike				drink that support dental	
L4. To learn about the				health	
different groups they belong				H8. To know how to keep safe	
to				in the sun and protect skin	
				from sun damage	
				H9. To learn about different	
				ways to learn and play;	
				recognising the importance of	
				knowing when to take a break	
				from time online or TV	
				H10. To learn about the people	
				who help us to stay physically	
				healthy	
				H13. To learn how feelings can	
				affect people's bodies and how	
				they behave	
				H14. To learn how to recognise	
				what others might be feeling	
		1		what others might be reeling	1

Key Vocabulary active listening, behaviour,	Key Vocabulary achievement, angry, bored.	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	 H15. To recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H16. To learn about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings H18. To understand different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good H19. To recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe H29. To recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm H31. To understand that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly H37. To learn about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel Key Vocabulary bacteria, body, brain, brushing, 	Key Vocabulary
				about how to respond if physical	
				uncomfortable or unsafe	
				J .	
				,	
				0	
				,	
				how people feel	
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
active listening, behaviour,	achievement, angry, bored,	accepting, beliefs, belong,	<mark>angry</mark> , body language, <mark>calm</mark> ,	<mark>bacteria</mark> , body, brain, brushing,	achievement, aims, ambition,
bullying, care, choices,	calm, choice, complain,	Britain, British, British Isles,	change, <mark>confidence</mark> , content,	chemicals, chemist, choice,	attitude, change,
community, <mark>compliment</mark> ,	concentrate, confused,	celebrations, choice, coast,	cross, disagree, wellbeing,	clean, colds, <mark>consent</mark> , contact,	communication, creative,
discussion, fair, family, friends,	decision, difficult, dislike,	community, countryside,	emotions, enjoy, excited, facial	<mark>coughs</mark> , danger, dentist,	determined, <mark>future</mark> , goal, grow,
group, <mark>helpful</mark> , joking, kind,	embarrassed, emotions, fears,	difference, dress, environment,	expressions, feelings, happiness,	diarrhoea, diet, <mark>disease</mark> , doctor,	happiness, hard-working, help,
learner, mindset, needed,	fed up, feelings, focus,	happy, harm, helpful, island,	happy, help, interests, kind, like,	emergency, exercise, germs,	improve, job, learn, positive,
negative, polite, positive, safe,	frightened, frustrated, future,	kindness, lakes, listen, live,	loss, memories, mental health,	healthy, heart, help, <mark>illness</mark> ,	progress, qualification, routine,
secure, special, support, team,	goal, gratitude, happy, healthy,	local area, mountain, natural,	nervous, opinions, qualities, sad,	medicine, mind, muscles,	skill, star qualities, strength,
teasing, thoughtful, unkind	helpful, like, lonely, mind,	neighbour, <mark>neighbourhood</mark> ,	safe, secure, share, skills, speak,	permission, pharmacist,	success, training
	mindful, negative, nervous,	proud, respect, responsibility,	talents, talk, thoughts,	poisonous, protect, rest, rules,	
	new, past, <mark>perseverance</mark> ,	right, river, safe, same, share,	uncomfortable, unhappy, worried	safe, secret, serious, sleep,	
	positive, prefer, relaxed,	similarity, town, United	worried	spread, strength, sugar,	
	resilience, respond, rest, sad,			surprise, touch, treat,	
	safe, shocked, thankful,	Kingdom		uncomfortable, unhealthy,	
		1			
	thinking thoughts unhelpful			unsafe virus warning wash	
	thinking, thoughts, unhelpful, upset, worries			<mark>unsafe</mark> , <mark>virus</mark> , warning, wash	

My feelingsMy bodyMy relationshpils are able to mmunicate about elings, to recognize how hers show feelings and ow how to respond.Pupils can correctly name the main parts of the body, including external genitalia using scientific terms.Pupils understand th importance of listeni other people, to play work collaboratively including strategies t resolve simple argun	ne Pupils can identify and ing to respect the differences and	My rights and responsibilities Pupils understand how some diseases are spread,	Asking for help Pupils can identify the	
mmunicate aboutthe main parts of the body, including external genitaliaimportance of listeni other people, to play work collaboratively including strategies telings, to recognize how hers show feelings and ow how to respond.the main parts of the body, including external genitalia using scientific terms.importance of listeni other people, to play work collaboratively including strategies t	ing to respect the differences and		Pupils can identify the	
Pupils are able to dis what fairness means	to Pupils can participate in ments discussions about issues . that affect self, others and the wider world.	including the right to be protected from diseases and the responsibility to protect others. Pupils understand that they have right and responsibilities in class and school.	people who look after ther who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention.	
Skills		Outcomes		
 Can they name the main body parts? Can they explain and show that family and friends should care for each oth Can they identify and respect the differences and similarities between peop Can they identify what is fair and provide examples of this? Can pupils identify causes of disagreement and conflict at personal, classro household level? Can they ask relevant questions? Can they show an awareness of, and concern for, people's feelings? Can they listen carefully to others? Can they begin to state opinions and start to give reasons for these? Can they play and work cooperatively? 	 To know who to asl To know how I am s To know how I am s To understand that To know how peop To know the difference To understand som To know how to ke To know how to lood To have some ways To take part in mak To be able to use d 	special babies become children and ther le grow and change ence between boy and girl babies e basic hygiene principles ep clean	ving conflict. vn class and school.	

Key vocabulary highlighted

Below are possible questions you may like to ask your class. Teachers can use their own discretion and adapt the questions if they feel it is appropriate due to the needs led focus of the PSHE Ed. curriculum. Class teachers to notify the subject leader if they need to make changes.						
Autumn 1: My feelings	Autumn 2: My body	Spring 1: My relationships	Spring 2 : My beliefs	Summer 1 : My rights and responsibilities	Summer 2: Asking for help	
In relation to a discussion about feelings: 'How might you react towards someone who behaved this way towards you?' 'How might that affect their emotions and how they feel?' Would this make their behaviour better?' 'Have you noticed how different people respond differently to the same feeling? Why is this?'	'Can you notice any similarities between boys and girls physically?' '	 'Why do Chinese whispers often end up different to how they started?' 'What things are unhelpful when you are trying to talk to someone?' 'What things are unhelpful when you are trying to listen to someone?' 'How easy is it to communicate constructively when we have strong feelings and different views to other people?' 'Noah is playing with a ball in the playground when an older pupil takes it away from him. How can you help Noah? How might Noah be feeling?' 	'What does it feel like to share a similarity with someone? What does it feel like to be part of a bigger group that has a similarity?' 'What does it feel like to be uniquely different?'	 'How did being unwell make you feel?' 'What does it feel like when you have seen someone else be unwell?' 'How can we prevent and protect ourselves from becoming unwell?' 'What is a right? What rights do we have in school? Why are they important?' 'What is a responsibility? What responsibilities do we have in school? Why are they important? 	Responses to these questions will vary from child to child. 'Who can we ask for help at home, school and outside of school?' 'Why is it important to ask for help?' 'How do we feel when we ask for help?'	

	Year 2: PSHE Education Curriculum					
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	
NSPCC PANTS						
VIPs – friendships,	Safety First – taking	One World – how	Digital Wellbeing – what	Growing Up – the human	Money Matters – where	
forming and maintaining	responsibility for their	people's life experiences	we use the internet for	body; how we grow and	money comes from and	
friendships, the qualities	own safety. Everyday	and opportunities differ	and the benefits and risks	change, both physically	how it is used.	
of a good friend. Disputes	risks, hazards and	throughout the world and	of online activities.	and emotionally.		
and bullying.	dangers. First aid, dealing	that our actions can have			L10. To understand what	
	with common injuries and	both positive and harmful	R10. To know that bodies and	R3. about different types of	money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes	
 R1. To learn about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives R2. To identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel 	responding to emergency situations. (Opportunity for first aider to come into school and teach basic first aid)	effects on people living in different countries. R3. To learn about different types of families including those that may be different to their own	feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online R11. To learn about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying R12. To know that hurtful	families including those that may be different to their own R4. to identify common features of family life R5. that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about	from different sources L11. To know that people make different choices about how to save and spend money L12. To learn about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people	
cared for R3. To learn about different types of families including those that may be different to their own R4. To identify common features of family life R5. To know that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried R6. To learn about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship R7. To learn about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do R8. To know simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively	 R13. To recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private R14. To know that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not R15. To know how to respond safely to adults they don't know R16. To learn about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe R18. To learn about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually) R19. To know basic techniques for resisting pressure to do 	 R4. To identify common features of family life H2. To identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for L1. To learn about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations L2. To know how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them L3. To learn about things they can do to help look after their environment L6. To recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people 	 behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult R14. To know that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not R15. To understand how to respond safely to adults they don't know H28. To learn about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe H34. To know basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should 	their family makes them unhappy or worried R13. to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private R16. about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe R19. basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe R20. what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard	man ot always be able to have the things they want L13. To know that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this L15. To know that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things L16. To learn about the different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do	

R9. To understand how to ask	something they don't want to	be kept private; the importance	R22. about how to treat	
for help if a friendship is making	do and which may make them	of telling a trusted adult if they	themselves and others with	
them feel unhappy	unsafe R20. To know what to do if they	come across something that	respect; how to be polite and	
R10. To learn that bodies and	feel unsafe or worried for	scares them	courteous	
feelings can be hurt by words	themselves or others; who to	L7. To learn about how the	R23 . to recognise the ways in	
and actions; that people can	ask for help and vocabulary to	internet and digital devices can	which they are the same and	
say hurtful things online	use when asking for help;	be used safely to find things out	different to others	
R11. To learn about how people	importance of keeping trying	and to communicate with	H20. about change and loss	
may feel if they experience	until they are heard	others	(including death); to identify	
hurtful behaviour or bullying	H8. To know how to keep safe	L8. To learn about the role of	feelings associated with this; to	
R12. To know that hurtful	in the sun and protect skin from	the internet in everyday life	recognise what helps people to	
behaviour (offline and online)	sun damage	L9. To know that not all	feel better	
including teasing, name-calling,	H28. about rules and age	information seen online is true	H22. to recognise the ways in	
bullying and deliberately	restrictions that keep us safe		which we are all unique	
excluding others is not	H29. To recognise risk in simple		H25. to name the main parts of	
acceptable; how to report	everyday situations and what		the body including external	
bullying; the importance of	action to take to minimise harm		genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina,	
telling a trusted adult	H30. To learn about how to		penis, testicles)	
R16. To learn about how to	keep safe at home (including		H26. about growing and	
respond if physical contact	around electrical appliances)		changing from young to old and	
makes them feel uncomfortable	and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)		how people's needs change	
	H31. To know that household		H27. about preparing to move	
or unsafe	products (including medicines)		to a new class/year group	
R21 . To learn about what is	can be harmful if not used			
kind and unkind behaviour, and	correctly			
how this can affect others	H32. To know ways to keep safe			
R24. To understand how to	in familiar and unfamiliar			
listen to other people and play	environments (e.g. beach,			
and work cooperatively	shopping centre, park,			
R25. To know how to talk about	swimming pool, on the street)			
and share their opinions on	and how to cross the road			
things that matter to them	safely			
H14. To know how to recognise	H33. To learn about the people			
what others might be feeling	whose job it is to help keep us			
H16. To learn about ways of	safe			
sharing feelings; a range of	H35. To learn about what to do			
words to describe feelings	if there is an accident and			
H23. To identify what they are	someone is hurt H36. To know how to get help			
good at, what they like and	in an emergency (how to dial			
dislike	999 and what to say)			
	sos and what to say,			
				I

H33. To learn about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe Key Vocabulary achieve, caring, choices,	Key Vocabulary 999, burn, chemicals, choke,	Key Vocabulary affect, care, choice, difference,	Key Vocabulary access, activity, address, apps,	Key Vocabulary adulthood, advice, carers,	Key Vocabulary bank, bank account, buy,
conflict, cooperate, cooperation, disagreement, family, friend, friendship, group, happy, healthy, help, important, kind, listen, love, making up, need, positive, safe, share, skills, solve, sort, special, support, talk, team, thoughtful, time, trust, trusted adult	danger, e-Safety, emergency, emergency services, fall, fire, harm, hazard, help, hurt, Internet, liquids, medicines, online, poisonous, protect, rail, risk, road, rules, safe, sharp, stranger, safer stranger, tablets, traffic, trip, trusted adult, uniform, unsafe, water	earth, environment, environmental, family life, happy, harm, help, home, important, learn, love, natural, needs, people, planet, problem, protect, resources, right, safe, same, school, similarity, special people, trust, world	comfortable, communicate, connected, device, download, electronic, emoji, fact, fake, healthy, helpful, hobbies, information, interests, Internet, lie, mental wellbeing, message, messaging, network, news, offline, online, password, personal information, picture message, pretend, private, screen time, sleep, social media, surname, text message, true, trusted adult, uncomfortable, video call	caring, change, childhood, comfortable, consent, coping, curious, develop, differences, difficult, emotions, female, genitals, grandparents, independence, love, male, needs, opportunities, parents, penis, private parts, respect, responsibility, rules, safe, siblings, similarities, stereotype, testicles, touch, traditions, trusted adult, uncomfortable, unique, vagina, vulva, worried	choice, coins, community, contactless, credit card, electronic, goods, important, job, track, list, money, need, notes, offer, online banking, online transfer, payment, piggy bank, possessions, price, purse, receipt, record, role, safe, salary, save, shopping, spend, value, wages, wallet, want, work

Year 2: RSE Curriculum						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help	
Pupils can recognise and celebrate their strengths and achievements and set simple but challenging goals. Pupils can recognise what contributes to self-identity and belonging.	Pupils can recognise how they grow and will change as they become older.	Pupils can recognise different types of teasing and bullying, understanding that these are wrong and unacceptable. Pupils can recognise similarities and differences. Pupils can demonstrate an awareness of, and pride in, their own individuality.	Pupils can identify the ways in which people and families are unique, understanding there has never been and will never be another one of them. Pupils can identify different points of view and consider their merits.	Pupils understand and can judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable and uncomfortable and how to respond. Pupils understand that they have basic human rights and that some people have these denied.	Pupils know the difference between secrets and surprises and the importance of not keeping a secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, worried or afraid.	
	Skills			Outcomes		
 Can they name the main body parts? Can they explain and show that family and friends should care for each other? 		To know how I am spTo know how I belon		5		

 Can they identify and respect the differences and similarities between people, including examples of what it can mean to be rich or poor in local and other contexts? Can pupils identify causes of disagreement and conflict at personal, classroom and household level? Can they identify their own rights and responsibilities and the need to respect the rights of others? Can they recognise the uneven sharing of power and how some people are excluded from decision-making? Can they show an interest in, and concern for, others outside immediate circle and in contexts different to their own? Can they identify matters that are important to self and others? Can they demonstrate a sense of belonging and valuing of relationships with others? Can they demonstrate a willingness to stand up and speak up for others? 	 To describe how people change over time To describe some differences between male and female animals To understand basic hygiene To know how to look after myself To know which parts of me are private To have some ways of avoiding, managing and resolving conflict. To be able to use different approaches to solve problems. To recognise effects of own behaviour on others and use this to help make choices. To learn from mistakes and to use feedback constructively. To begin to show tact and diplomacy. To contribute actively and constructively to the life of own class and school. To begin to take action when something is unfair and demonstrate fairness in dealings with others. 					
Key Vocabulary						

Please ensure that you recap and build on previous year group vocabulary.

Year group specific - similar, different, boy, girl, male, female, body part, self esteem, vagina, bullying, unique, personal space, privacy, secret, surprise,

Empathy, fairness, identity, belonging, agreement, disagreement, conflict, resolution, problem solving, rights, responsibility, decision, views (i.e. different views to their own)

		ass. Teachers can use their o		questions if they feel it is app	propriate due to the needs			
Autumn 1: My feelings								
'Can you describe a time when you have won or succeeded at something?' 'How did this make you feel?' 'Is that feeling stronger if you have worked hard for it?' 'What does belonging mean? 'What does it feel like to belong?	'How have you changed since you were a baby? Was this always easy?'	'Amelia is upset because her friends aren't talking to her and she doesn't know why. How can you help?' 'Why are similarities and differences important? 'What does it mean to be proud? Have you ever felt proud of something you have done? Discuss what this felt like.'	'What is the best thing about being a part of your family? 'In what ways are our families different and special?' In relation to a scenario/context you might be exploring: ' do you agree with this point of view? If so why? If not, why not? Do you agree with some bits but not all?	 'What different types of touch can you think of?' 'What is personal space?' 'How would you feel if someone was in your personal space?' 'Does everyone have the same rights and responsibilities?' 'Should everyone have the same rights and responsibilities? Discuss.' 'What is our responsibility towards others? Do we have any responsibilities towards others?' 	 'Would it be ok for all secrets to be kept forever?' 'Should we always keep a secret?' 'Why would you not want to/why would it be important to share this 'secret'?' 'How might you feel telling someone a secret?' 'How might you feel telling somebody else's secret?' 			

		Year 3: PSHE Edu	cation Curriculum		
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World
NSPCC PANTS					
TEAM – if a class team	Think Positive – feelings	Diverse Britain – we live	Be Yourself – confidence	It's My Body – choices	Aiming High - goals and
works well together, it	(comfortable and	in a diverse, multicultural	to be yourself. Identifying	about looking after their	aspirations. Looking at
has a positive impact on	uncomfortable) and how	and democratic society.	strengths and	bodies. Making safer	achievements so far and
all of its members and	our attitude towards life	The need to be respectful	achievements and	choices about their body,	the attitude needed for
what they can achieve,	can affect mental health.	of difference.	recognising different	sleep and exercise, diet,	success.
how an individual's			emotions.	cleanliness and	
 actions can impact the team. To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings (H18) To use a varied vocabulary when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19) To learn problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools (H24) To learn strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages (H36) To understand what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with 	 To learn about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these (H3) To learn how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle (H4) To learn that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health (H15) To learn about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing (H16) 	 To learn about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) (H25) To learn about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it (R21) To recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships (R31) To learn about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in 	 To recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity (H17) To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings (H18) To use a varied vocabulary when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19) To learn strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations (H20) To learn about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement (H23) To learn problem-solving strategies for dealing with 	 substances. (The FGM part of lesson 1 will be covered in Year 6 RSE) To learn how to make informed decisions about health (H1) To learn about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle (H2) To learn about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these (H3) To learn how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle (H4) To understand about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness (H5) To learn about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; 	 To recognise their individuality and personal qualities (H27) To learn to identify personal strengths, skills and achievements and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth (H28) To learn about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking (H29) To understand stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes (L9) To recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes (L25) To learn that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career

problems and difficulties);
that the same principles
apply to online friendships
as to face-to-face
relationships (R11)

- To learn the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded (R13)
- To learn that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely (R17)
- To understand that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online (R30)
- To learn the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others (L4)
- To learn about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means (L6)
- To learn about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation (L30)

 To recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity (H17)
 To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of

- and the importance of expressing feelings (H18)
 To use a varied vocabulary when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in
- different ways (H19)
 To learn strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations (H20)
- To recognise the warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others (H21)
- To recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult (H22)
- To learn about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement (H23)
- To learn problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and

common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background (R32)

- To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own (R33)
- To learn how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with (R34)
- To recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws (L1)
- To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone (L2)
- To learn about the relationship between rights and responsibilities (L3)
- To learn the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others (L4)
- To learn about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means (L6)

emotions, challenges and change; including the transition to new schools (H24)

- To learn about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) (H25)
- To learn that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex (H26)
- To recognise their individuality and personal qualities (H27)
- To learn to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth. (H28)
- To learn about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking (H29)
- To learn the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded (R13)
- To learn strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others (R15)
- To learn how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and

benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay (H6)

To learn how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health; recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (H7)

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- To understand how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn (H8)
- To learn that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it (H9)
- To learn how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed (H10)
- To understand how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the

choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid (L29)

- To learn about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation (L30)
- To recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university) (L32)

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- To learn that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life (L26)
- To learn about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them (L27)
- To learn about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) (L28)

change, including the	To learn to value the	strategies for managing dentist are essential; the	
transition to new schools	different contributions	this (R28) impact of lifestyle choices	
(H24)	that people and groups	To learn where to get on dental care (e.g. sugar	
To identify personal	make to the community	advice and report concerns consumption/acidic drinks	
strengths, skills,	(L7)	if worried about their own such as fruit juices,	
achievements and	 To learn about diversity: 	or someone else's smoothies and fruit teas;	
interests and how these	what it means; the	personal safety (including the effects of smoking)	
contribute to a sense of	benefits of living in a	online) (R29) (H11)	
self-worth (H28)	diverse community; about	To recognise that personal To learn about the benefits	
To learn how to manage	valuing diversity within	behaviour can affect other of sun exposure and risks	
setbacks/perceived	communities (L8)	people; to recognise and of overexposure; how to	
failures, including how to	To learn about	model respectful keep safe from sun	
re-frame unhelpful	stereotypes; how they can	behaviour online (R30) damage and sun/heat	
thinking.	negatively influence	To recognise the stroke and reduce the risk	
To learn the importance of	behaviours and attitudes	importance of self-respect of skin cancer (H12)	
seeking support if feeling	towards others; strategies	and how this can affect • To understand how and	
lonely or excluded (R13)	for challenging stereotypes	their thoughts and feelingswhen to seek support,about themselves; thatincluding which adults to	
	(L9) Talaansahasi tautuu isalisa	,	
	 To learn about prejudice; 	everyone, including them, speak to in and outside should expect to be school, if they are worried	
	how to recognise	treated politely and with about their health (H14)	
	behaviours/actions which	respect by others • To learn how to predict,	
	discriminate against others; ways of responding	(including when online assess and manage risk in	
	to it if witnessed or	and/or anonymous) in different situations (H38)	
	experienced (L10)	school and in wider • To learn about the risks	
	experienced (E10)	society; strategies to and effects of legal drugs	
		improve or support common to everyday life	
		courteous, respectful (e.g. cigarettes, alcohol	
		relationships (R31) and medicines) and their	
		To learn the importance of impact on health;	
		having compassion recognise that drug use	
		towards others; shared can become a habit which	
		responsibilities we all have can be difficult to break	
		for caring for other people (H46)	
		and living things; how to To learn about why people	
		show care and concern for choose to use or not use	
		others (L4) drugs (including nicotine,	
		To recognise ways in which alcohol and medicines)	
		the internet and social (H48)	
		media can be used both • To recognise if a friendship	
		positively and negatively (online or offline) is	
		(L11) making them feel unsafe	
		To learn about how text or uncomfortable; how to	
		and images in the media	

Year 3 RSE Curriculum							
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help		
Pupils can identify their personal strengths and set aspirational goals for themselves, understanding how this contributes to and builds self-esteem.	Pupils know how their body may change as they grow and develop, how to care for their body and celebrate their uniqueness.	Pupils can recognise a wide range of relationships, including attributes of positive, healthy relationships.	Pupils can challenge gender stereotypes, understanding that there is not one way to be a boy, or one way to be a girl. Pupils can begin to identify bias and opinion.	Pupils understand the right to protect their body from unwanted touch. Pupils can identify their own rights (e.g. UN Convention on the Rights of the Child), those of others and who is responsible for rights being met.	Pupils can identify the difference between secrets and surprise, knowing when it is right to break a confidence and share a secret.		
	Skills			Outcomes			
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they recognise the risks and how to behave appropriately? Can they understand how their body changes over time? Are they aware of different types of touch? Can they understand how fairness may not always mean equal treatment? Can they develop a range of strategies for managing, resolving and preventing conflict, including 'win-win' solutions? Can they identify those responsible for ensuring rights being met? Can they identify the need for rules in school and wider society, and how people can take part in making and changing them? Can they imagine alternative possibilities and suggest new ideas to solve problems? Can they empathise with people in local and more distant contexts? Can they positively talk about ways in which one is both similar and different to others and uniquely different? Can they value difference? Can they show a willingness to cooperate with others to change things for the better? 		 To identify who to go to To know how I belong To understand how to o To understand difference To give real life advice a To explore gender stere To know the difference To understand how my To understand the basis To begin to give eviden counterarguments. To adapt behaviour to to To listen attentively, qu To express their own vimethods. To give reasons, eviden To value what contribut To demonstrate a readition others. To recognise the belief discrimination. To demonstrate active 	overcome peer pressure t kinds of touch and personal space and problem solve eotypes s between males and females body changes throughout my life cs of how our own country is govern ce for an argument, assess different take into account feelings of others. eastion and respond to others. ews and ideas on issues clearly, usin ce and examples in support of an o	ned. t viewpoints and present ng a range of appropriate pinion. s of words, actions and choices o challenge prejudice and on making.			

Key Vocabulary

• Stereotypes, gender roles, similar, different, male, female, body part, penis, vagina, vulva, testicles, aspiration, compliment, self-esteem, hygiene, relationship, diversity, culture, society, equality, contribution, rights and responsibilities, racism, sexism, stereotype, discrimination, prejudice, challenge, conflict, resolve (in relation to conflict), prevent (in relation to conflict), solution (in relation to conflict), rule/law, empathy, impact, bias/opinion

Deeper Learning Questions

Below are possible questions you may like to ask your class. Teachers can use their own discretion and adapt the questions if they feel it is appropriate due to the needs led focus of the PSHE Ed. curriculum. Class teachers to notify the subject leader if they need to make changes.

Autumn 1: My feelings	Autumn 2: My body	Spring 1: My relationships	Spring 2: My beliefs	Summer 1: My rights and responsibilities	Summer 2: Asking for help
'How does positive self-talk influence feelings, behaviour and happiness?' 'What does positive self talk could you say to yourself if you were experiencing low self-esteem?'	 'What are the good things about being your age? A teenager? An adult? A much older person?' 'How does it feel to share similarities with other people in the class?' 'How does it feel to know you are completely unique to other people in the class?' 'Why it is important to keep the body clean? How can people keep the body clean and healthy?' 	'What relationship behaviour is most important to you, so you can enjoy respectful relationships? Is this something that you can pledge to be like yourself within your own relationships?'.	'Does being born physically a boy (with a penis) or physically a girl (with a vulva) make any difference to your feelings, likes and dislikes?' 'Should someone change the things they want to do to avoid other people being unkind to them, if this makes them happy?' 'What is bias? Have you been bias before? What does it feel like to be bias? Should people be bias?' 'What is an opinion? What opinions do you have? Should people have opinions?	'Does your comfort around touch depend on who is touching you?' 'Does your comfort around touch depend on where someone is touching you? Does your comfort around touch depend on how someone is touching you?' 'Why was the UN convention of the rights of the child important? What impact did it have?' 'Why should we have people responsible for ensuring needs are met?' 'Should it always be the same people, or different people depending on the situation?'	'How did it feel to get excited by a nice surprise?' 'What types of things might someone ask them to keep a secret?' 'Who would be an appropriate adult that you could talk to if you need to share a secret?'

	Year 4: PSHE Education Curriculum					
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	
NSPCC PANTS			-			
VIPs – friendships,	Safety First – taking	One World – how	Digital Wellbeing – what	Growing Up – the human	Money Matters – where	
forming and maintaining	responsibility for their	people's life experiences	we use the internet for	body; how we grow and	money comes from and	
friendships, the qualities	own safety. Everyday	and opportunities differ	and the benefits and risks	change, both physically	how it is used.	
of a good friend. Disputes	risks, hazards and	throughout the world and	of online activities.	and emotionally.	Revisited in Year 6 when	
and bullying.	dangers. First aid, dealing	that our actions can have	or offinite detivities.		pupils participate in GOAL	
and burying.			To learn about the	• To recognise that feelings	pupils participate in GOAL	
	with common injuries and	both positive and harmful	• benefits or the internet;	can change over time and		
 To recognise that there are different types of 	responding to emergency	effects on people living in	the importance of	range in intensity (H17)	To learn about the different ways to pay for	
relationships (e.g.	situations. (Opportunity	different countries.	balancing time online with	To learn about everyday	things and the choices	
friendships, family	for first aider to come		other activities; strategies	things that affect feelings	people have about this	
 relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) (R1) To learn that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another (R6) To recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty (R8) 	 into school and teach basic first aid) To learn about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring (H35) To understand reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with 	 To learn about respecting the difference and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background (R32) To learn how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with (R34) To recognise there are 	 for managing time online (H13) To learn reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing, with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming (H37) To learn about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for 	 and the importance of expressing feelings (H18) To learn a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19) To learn strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations (H20) 	 (L17) To recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' (L18) To understand that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. fair trade, buying singleuse plastics, or giving to charity) (L19) 	
 To learn how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice (R9) To understand the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing (R10) 	 reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming (H37) To learn how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations (H38) To learn about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what 	 human rights, that are there to protect everyone (L2) To learn about the relationship between rights and responsibilities (L3) To understand the importance of having compassion towards others; shared 	keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to if frightened or worried by something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact (H42)	 To learn that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex (H26) To learn to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates 	 To recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants (L20) To learn different ways to keep track of money (L21) To learn about risks associated with money and ways of keeping money safe (L22) 	

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To learn what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships (R11)

- To learn that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them (R14)
- To develop strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others (R15)
- To learn how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends (R16)
- To learn that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile difference positively and safely (R17)
- To recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary (R18)

they can do to reduce risks and keep safe (H39)

- To learn about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely (H40)
- To learn strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe us of digital devices when out and about (H41)
- To learn about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries (H43)
- To learn how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say (H44)

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- To learn about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break (H46)
- To recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others (H47)

To learn about why people choose to use or not use

responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others (L4)

- To learn ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) (L5)
- To learn to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community (L7)
- To learn about diversity; what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities (L8)
- To learn about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes (L9)
- To learn that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) (L19)

means to 'known someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone fact-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face (R12)

To recognise what it

- Tace-to-tace (R12) To learn strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others (R15)
- To understand the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour (R19)
- To learn strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support (R20)
- To learn about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it (R21)
- To learn about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online) (R22)
- To learn about why someone may behave

to human reproduction (H30)

To learn about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (H31)

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- To learn about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene (H32)
- To learn about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for (H33)
- To learn about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty (H34)
- To recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) (R1)
- To learn that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different (R2)

- To learn about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations (L23)
- To learn to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions (L24)
- To learn that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life (L26)
- To learn that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid (L29)
- To identify the kind of job they might like to do when they are older (L31)
- To recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university) (L32)

 To understand the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour (R19)

- To learn strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support (R20)
- To learn about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it (R21)
- To understand privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online) (R22)
- To recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact (R25)
- To learn about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations (R26)
- To learn about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is

drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines) (H48) To learn about the mixed

- To learn about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping (H49)
- To learn about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns (H50)
- To learn how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice (R9)
- To recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary (R18)
- To learn how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know (R24)
- To learn how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this (R28)
- To know where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone

differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns (R23)

- To learn how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know (R24)
- how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this (R28)
- To recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively (L11)
- To learn how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results (L12)
- To learn about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes (L13)
- To understand how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at a specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information (L14)

To learn about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong (R3)

- To learn that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others (R4)
- To understand that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live

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- apart (R5) To recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, stepparents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability (R7)
- To recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty (R8)

 right to break a confidence or share a secret (R27) To learn that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online (R30) To learn about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced (L10) 	else's personal safety (including online) (R29)		 To recognise things appropriate to share and things that should be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images (L15) To understand how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation (L16) 		
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
acquaintances, behaviours	alcohol, bleeding, burns,	charity, climate change,	altered text and images,	acne, adopted, anus, breasts,	adverts, balance, bank account,
(healthy and unhealthy),	choices, choking, cigarettes,	determined, different,	balance, behaviours,	changes, civil partnership,	borrow, budget, candidate,
bullying, conflict, consideration,	consequences, danger,	dilemma, disadvantage,	communication, consequences,	clitoris, committed, crush,	career, change, choices, coins,
cyberbullying, discrimination,	dangerous substances, dare,	drought, equal, experiences,	cyberbullying, digital, digital	develop, diversity, divorce, egg,	consumer, contactless, cost,
disputes, diversity, equality,	DRABC, drugs, emergency,	fair, fair trade, flooding, global	wellness, devices, exclusion,	emotions, erection, families,	debit and credit cards, debt,
equity, family, friends,	environment, first aid, hazards,	warming, harmful, inequality,	frightened, harassment,	feelings, female, foetus,	ethical, financial gain, financial
friendship, kindness, prejudice,	helpful, harmful,	lifestyles, opinion,	information, internet, kindness,	fostered, gay, heart, hormones,	risk, interest, jobs, keeping
relationships, relatives, respect,	independence, injuries, learn,	opportunities, reasons, reflect,	manipulated, name-calling,	labia, lesbian, lungs, male,	track, loan, money, need,
resolution, secrets, sharing,	pressure, rail safe,	rights, similar, situations,	offline, online, online safety,	married, menstruation, mood,	notes, owe, pay, priorities,
support network, victim, VIPs	responsibilities, risks, road,	stereotypes, support, trade,	passwords, personal	oestrogen, ovaries, penis,	profit, qualifications, receipt,
	shock, smart, safety, scalds,	unfair, United Nations	information, pledge, pranks,	periods, puberty, relationships,	record, repayments, risks,
	unfamiliar places, water aware	Declaration of the Rights of the Child	pressure, private, relationships,	reproduction, single-parent,	savings, skills, spending, work,
			reliability, respect, responsible, restrictions, risks, rules, safety,	species, sperm, sweat, testes, testicles, testosterone,	
			search results, share, strangers,	transgender, urethra, uterus,	
			sources, tricking, trolling, trust,	• · · · · ·	
			truth, uncomfortable,	vagina, voice breaks, vulva	
			· · ·		
			wellbeing, worried		

		Year 4 RSE	Curriculum			
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help	
upils can recognise and espond to a wide range of motions in themselves and thers and know ways to espond.	Pupils can reflect on how their body has changed and anticipate body changes, understanding that some are related to puberty.	Pupils are able to judge what kind of physical behaviours and contact are acceptable and unacceptable, and ways to respond.	Pupils recognise that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors including family types and personal identity. Pupils can identify some causes and effects of conflict at all levels from personal to global.	Pupils know marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, and that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to or are making the decision freely for themselves.	Pupils can recognise when they may need help to manage a situation and ha developed the skills to ask for help.	
	Skills			Outcomes		
 Skills Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? Can they recognise the diversity of cultures and societies within and beyond their own experience? Can they recognise contributions of different cultures to our lives? Can they understand why some people have their rights denied? Can they understand why some people have their rights denied? Can they understand why some people have their rights denied? Can they use strategies to cope with challenging times? Can they recognise when there may be no single right or wrong answer? Can they share opinions and evidence on issues with others? Can they demonstrate offence at unfair treatment of others locally and globally? Can they recognise the benefits of listening to a range of different perspectives and viewpoints? 			 To understand how families have different family members To identify who to go to for help and support To know how I belong To explore gender stereotypes To know the differences between males and females To understand how my body changes throughout my life To understand what puberty is To know about the physical and emotional changes of puberty To understand that each person experiences puberty differently To understand the nature of prejudice (e.g. racism and sexism) and ways to combat the impact of this stereotype. To understand connections between personal decisions and issues affecting people locally and globally. To describe feelings about changes and events in own setting and the wider world. To participate in decision making in school. To contribute to the well-being of the wider community. To demonstrate a growing interest in world events and global issues. To be proactive in including other people, especially those who may face barriers to 			
		Key Vo	cabulary	hool decision making process.		

forced marriage, peer pressure, diversity, culture, society, equality, contribution, rights and responsibilities, racism, sexism, stereotype, discrimination, prejudice, challenge, conflict, resolve (in relation to conflict), prevent (in relation to conflict), solution (in relation to conflict), rule/law, empathy, impact, bias/opinion

Deeper Learning Questions

Below are possible questions you may like to ask your class. Teachers can use their own discretion and adapt the questions if they feel it is appropriate due to the needs led focus of the PSHE Ed. curriculum. Class teachers to notify the subject leader if they need to make changes.

Autumn 1:Autumn 2:Spring 1:Spring 2:SummerMy feelingsMy bodyMy relationshipsMy beliefsMy right responsil	s and Asking for help
'How do you react when you feel certain emotions? Are any of these responses physical (the body does something different)?''What can you do now, that you could not do as a small baby?''If a bedroom is a private place, does it become more pubic if the bedroom door is'How does it feel knowing we are all connected through some similarities?'Is being in love important than married?''What things do you try to do to help yourself or someone else who is feeling angry or scared?' 'Why is it important to 'step' in someone else's shoes' and show empathy sometimes?''What responsibilities and things will you be trusted to do when you are older, that you are too young to do now?''If a bedroom is a private place, does it become more pubic if the bedroom door is left open?''How does it feel knowing we are all connected through some similarities?'Is being in love important than married?''What things do you try to do to help yourself or someone else's shoes' an ashow empathy sometimes?''What responsibilities and things will you be trusted to do when you are older, that you are too young to do now?''If a bedroom is a private place, does it become more pubic if the bedroom door is left open?''How does it feel knowing we are all connected through some similarities?'I how would you parents picked y husband or wife think your parent picked y would you parents picked y would you parents picked y would you parents picked y would you parents picked y 'What is diversit important?''How would you you as you woul you are too young to do now?''How would you you as you woul you as you woul you as you woul you as you woul you as	more being'What skills and qualities do you have to solve problems that you might face?'I feel if your vour future ? Do you its would'How can you help others to solve problems?'? Do you its would'Is it always our responsibility to solve a problem?'d pick for person er to marry?'Can all problems be fixed?''Who can you ask for help and support if you need it?''Why is it uld we se practices?'Why is it important to ask for help?'

Year 5: PSHE Education Curriculum								
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World			
NSPCC PANTS								
TEAM (Together	Think Positive –	Diverse Britain – identify	Be Yourself – everyone is	It's My Body – consent	Aiming High –			
Everyone Achieves More)	understanding thoughts	how to make a positive	an individual, important	and autonomy, body	achievements, aspirations			
 positive qualities of a 	and emotions, both	contribution to the	to 'be yourself'.	image and stereotypes	and opportunities.			
team, learning how to	positive and negative.	community. The law and	Developing a positive	and learning about	Preferred learning styles,			
disagree respectfully and		the consequences of not	view of themselves and	substance which are	how they learn best.			
communicate effectively.	• To learn about the	respecting it.	enabled them to	harmful to our bodies.	Challenges people face			
	elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle (H2)		recognise the importance	(The FGM part of lesson 1	and barriers to success.			
 To learn about change and 	 To learn about choices 	To learn about personal	of being proud of their	will be covered in Year 6				
 loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement (H23) To learn about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing (R10) To understand what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships (R11) To learn the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded (R13) 	 that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these (H3) To recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle (H4) To learn that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health (H15) To learn about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing (H16) 	 identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) (H25) To learn about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it (R21) To learn to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those with traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own (R33) To recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws (L1) To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone (L2) To learn about the relationship between 	 individuality. To learn about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these (H3) To recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity (H17) To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings (H18) To use a varied vocabulary when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19) To learn strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations (H20) 	 RSE) To learn how to make informed decisions about health (H1) To learn about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle (H2) To learn about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these (H3) To recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle (H4) To learn about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness (H5) To learn about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; 	 To learn to identify personal strengths, skills and achievements and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth (H28) To recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes (L25) To learn that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life (L26) To learn about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them (L27) To learn about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to 			

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 To learn that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them (R14)

- To learn that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile difference positively and safely (R17)
- To learn about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour (R19)
- To learn strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support (R20)
- To learn about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it (R21)
- To understand that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online (R30)
- To recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that

To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings (H18

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- To use a varied vocabulary when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19)
- To learn strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings, how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations (H20)
- To recognise the warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others (H21)
- To recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult (H22)
- To learn problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools (H24)
- To learn how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking (H29)

rights and responsibilities (L3)

- To learn the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to shoe care and concern for others (L4)
 To learn ways of carrying
 - To learn ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) (L5)
- To learn about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means (L6)
- To learn to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community (L7)
- To learn about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities (L8)
 To learn about
 - To learn about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes (L9)

To learn about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement (H23)

- To learn to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth. (H28)
- To learn how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking (H29)
- To learn that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another (R6)
- To learn what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships (R11)
- To learn strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others (R15)

risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. (H6)

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To learn how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health; recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with

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- an inactive lifestyle (H7) To understand how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn (H8)
- To learn that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it (H9)
- To learn how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed (H10)
- To understand how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar

certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) (L28)

- To understand that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid (L29)
- To learn about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation (L30)
- To identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older (L31)
- To recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university) (L32)

	everyone, including them,	•	To learn the importance of	•	To learn about prejudice;	•	To learn that friendships		consumption/acidic drinks	
	should expect to be		seeking support if feeling		how to recognise		have ups and downs;		such as fruit juices,	
	treated politely and with		lonely or excluded (R13		behaviours/actions which		strategies to resolve		smoothies and fruit teas;	
	respect by others	•	To understand that		discriminate against		disputes and reconcile		the effects of smoking)	
	(including when online		personal behaviour can		others; ways of responding		differences positively and		(H11)	
	and/or anonymous) in		affect other people; to		to it if witnessed or		safely (R17)	•	To learn about the benefits	
	school and in wider		recognise and model		experienced (L10)	•	To learn how to recognise		of sun exposure and risks	
	society; strategies to		respectful behaviour	•	To understand what		pressure from others to do		of overexposure; how to	
	improve or support		online (R30)		democracy is and about		something unsafe or that		keep safe from sun	
	courteous, respectful				the basic institutions that		makes them feel		damage and sun/heat	
	relationships (R31)				support it locally and		uncomfortable and		stroke and reduce the risk	
	 To learn about respecting 				nationally		strategies for managing		of skin cancer (H12)	
	the difference and						this (R28)	•	To learn how and when to	
	similarities between					•	To know where to get		seek support, including	
	people and recognising						advice and report concerns		which adults to speak to in	
	what they have in						if worried about their own		and outside of school, if	
	common with others e.g.						or someone else's		they are worried about	
	physically, in personality						personal safety (including		their health (H14)	
	or background (R32)						online) (R29)	•	To learn that for some	
	 To learn to listen and 					•	To recognise the		people gender identity	
	respond respectfully to a						importance of self-respect		does not correspond with	
	wide range of people,						and how this can affect		their biological sex (H26)	
	including those with						their thoughts and feelings	•	To recognise their	
	traditions, beliefs and						about themselves; that		individuality and personal	
	lifestyle are different to						everyone, including them,		qualities (H27)	
	their own (R33)						should expect to be	•	To learn about the risks	
	 To learn how to discuss 						treated politely and with		and effects of legal drugs	
	and debate topical issues,						respect by others		common to everyday life	
	respect other people's						(including when online		(e.g. cigarettes, alcohol	
	point of view and						and/or anonymous) in		and medicines) and their	
	constructively challenge						school and in wider		impact on health;	
	those they disagree with						society; strategies to		recognise that drug use	
	(R34)						improve or support		can become a habit which	
1	 To recognise reasons for 						courteous, respectful		can be difficult to break	
	rules and laws;						relationships (R31)		(H46)	
	consequences of not							•	To recognise that there are	
	adhering to rules and laws								laws surrounding the use	
	(L1)								of legal drugs and that	
									some drugs are illegal to	
									own, use and give to	
	• To learn the importance of								others (H47)	
	having compassion									
	towards others; shared									

responsibilities we all have	To learn about why people
for caring for other people	choose to use or not use
and living things; how to	drugs (including nicotine,
show care and concern for	alcohol and medicines)
others (L4)	(H48)
To learn ways of carrying	To learn about the mixed
out shared responsibilities	messages in the media
for protecting the	about drugs, including
environment in school and	alcohol and
at home; how everyday	smoking/vaping (H49)
choices can affect the	To learn about the
environment (e.g.	organisations that can
reducing, reusing,	support people concerning
recycling, food choices)	
(L5)	alcohol, tobacco and
	nicotine or other drug use;
 To learn about some of 	people they can talk to if
the skills that will help	they have concerns (H50)
them in their future	To recognise if a friendship
careers e.g. teamwork,	(online or offline) is
communication and	making them feel unsafe
negotiation (L30)	or uncomfortable; how to
	manage this and ask for
	support if necessary (R18)
	To recognise different
	types of physical contact;
	what is acceptable and
	unacceptable; strategies to
	respond to unwanted
	physical contact (R25)
	 To learn about seeking and
	giving permission
	(consent) in different
	situations (R26)
	To learn about keeping
	something confidential or
	secret, when this should
	(e.g. a birthday surprise
	that others will find out
	about) or should not be
	agreed to, and when it is
	right to break a confidence
	or share a secret (R27)
	To recognise pressure
	from others to do

				 something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this (R28) To understand stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes (L9) To learn about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation (L16) 	
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
adaptable, attributes, bullying,	affirmations, angry, avoidance,	break, charities, choices,	acceptance, amends, apologise,	alcohol, autonomy, balanced	achievements, adaptability,
care, collaborate,	behaviour, chain reaction,	communities, consequences,	being there, communicate,	lifestyle, bacteria, balance,	apprenticeships, attitudes,
communication, compromise,	challenge, choices, cognitive,	democracy, discrimination,	confidence, feelings	Childline, choices, consent,	barriers, behaviours,
diversity, focused, good team,	consequences, decisions (daily,	diversity, donate, equality,	(comfortable and	consequences (physical,	
hard-working, listen, opinions,	difficult informed)		, uncomfortable) fight flight		challenges, employment, focus,
I problem respect respectfully	difficult, informed)	ethnicity, faith, freedom,	uncomfortable), fight, flight,	emotional and mental), contact	gender, inspiration, interests,
problem, respect, respectfully disagreeing responsibility	embarrassed, emotions, facts,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and	generosity, honesty,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted),	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles,
disagreeing, responsibility,	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational,
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills,	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal
disagreeing, responsibility,	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational,
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone Achieves More), teasing,	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset, guilt, jealous, learning,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact, law, nation, parliament,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer pressure, relationships,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices, individuality, medicines,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social class, stereotypes, strengths,
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone Achieves More), teasing, trolling, trusted adult, unkind	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset, guilt, jealous, learning, mindfulness, nervous, overwhelmed, panic, positive mental attitude, reconnecting,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact, law, nation, parliament, prejudice, protect, religion, respect, responsibility, safe, statistics, stereotypes,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer pressure, relationships, responsibility, setbacks, sharing, shy, solutions, support, thoughts, truthfulness, trust,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices, individuality, medicines, meditation, mindfulness, personal hygiene, personal qualities, positive body image,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social class, stereotypes, strengths, success, university, work
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone Achieves More), teasing, trolling, trusted adult, unkind	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset, guilt, jealous, learning, mindfulness, nervous, overwhelmed, panic, positive mental attitude, reconnecting, self-doubt, stressed, tearful,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact, law, nation, parliament, prejudice, protect, religion, respect, responsibility, safe,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer pressure, relationships, responsibility, setbacks, sharing, shy, solutions, support,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices, individuality, medicines, meditation, mindfulness, personal hygiene, personal qualities, positive body image, pressure, privacy, protect,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social class, stereotypes, strengths, success, university, work
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone Achieves More), teasing, trolling, trusted adult, unkind	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset, guilt, jealous, learning, mindfulness, nervous, overwhelmed, panic, positive mental attitude, reconnecting, self-doubt, stressed, tearful, thoughts (negatives and	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact, law, nation, parliament, prejudice, protect, religion, respect, responsibility, safe, statistics, stereotypes,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer pressure, relationships, responsibility, setbacks, sharing, shy, solutions, support, thoughts, truthfulness, trust,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices, individuality, medicines, meditation, mindfulness, personal hygiene, personal qualities, positive body image, pressure, privacy, protect, respect, risks, secret, self-care,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social class, stereotypes, strengths, success, university, work
disagreeing, responsibility, shared responsibilities, skills, TEAM (Together Everyone Achieves More), teasing, trolling, trusted adult, unkind	embarrassed, emotions, facts, fear, feelings (comfortable and uncomfortable), focus, frightened, growth mindset, guilt, jealous, learning, mindfulness, nervous, overwhelmed, panic, positive mental attitude, reconnecting, self-doubt, stressed, tearful,	ethnicity, faith, freedom, government (local and national), help, House of Commons, House of Lords, human rights, identity, impact, law, nation, parliament, prejudice, protect, religion, respect, responsibility, safe, statistics, stereotypes,	generosity, honesty, individuality, kindness, loyalty, mistakes, mutual respect, nervous, opinions, peer pressure, relationships, responsibility, setbacks, sharing, shy, solutions, support, thoughts, truthfulness, trust,	emotional and mental), contact (wanted and unwanted), control, drugs, exercise, habits, harm, harmful substances, healthy bodies, healthy choices, individuality, medicines, meditation, mindfulness, personal hygiene, personal qualities, positive body image, pressure, privacy, protect,	gender, inspiration, interests, motivation, learning styles, opportunities (educational, career and equal), personal goals, race, roles, skills, social class, stereotypes, strengths, success, university, work
		Year 5 RSE	Curriculum		
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Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can anticipate how their emotions may change as they approach and/or move through puberty. Pupils can discern how people are feeling through their words, body language, gestures and tone.	Pupils can anticipate how their body may change as they approach and/or move through puberty.	Pupils can identify healthy relationships and recognise the skills to manage and maintain healthy relationships.	Pupils know the correct terms associated with gender identity and sexual orientation, and the unacceptability of homophobic and transphobic bullying. Pupils can recognise how different backgrounds, beliefs and personalities affect behaviour and world views.	 Pupils have strategies for keeping safe online; knowing personal information including images of themselves and others can be shared easily and without their permission. Pupils can evaluate media and other sources for bias, stereotypes and range of voices and perspectives. Pupils can discuss some causes and effects of poverty and inequality (including gender inequalities) at local, national and global levels 	 Pupils have considered how to manage accidental exposure to explicit images, and upsetting online material, including who to talk to about what they have seen. Pupils can recognise personal strengths and weaknesses.
	Skills			Outcomes	
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? Can they use strategies to cope with changes? Can pupils discuss cause and effects of poverty and inequality? Locally? Globally? Can pupils analyse own and others' assumptions about people and issues and keep mind open to new ideas? Can pupils discuss how people might feel through interpreting facial expression and actions? Can pupils recognise how beliefs can affect behaviour and world views? Can pupils identify strengths? 			 To identify who to g To know how I belor To explore gender st To understand how To know how to kee To understand and o To explore how the To understand what To understand the in To understand how 	tereotypes my body changes throughout m p clean describe different coping strateg body changes throughout puber	y life ies ty nd globally) world views.

- Can pupils identify weaknesses and discuss how these can be points for growth?
- Can pupils take on different roles in group work?
- Can pupils employ effective strategies for repairing damaged relationships?
- Can use active listening and see the impact of this on maintaining relationships
- Can use skills to adapt behaviour to new cultural environments

Key Vocabulary

Stereotypes, gender roles, similar, different, male, female, penis, vagina, period, puberty, hormones, penis, erection, wet dream, sex, intersex, transgender, gay, lesbians, personal information, online, diversity, culture, society, equality, contribution, rights and responsibilities, racism, sexism, stereotype, discrimination, prejudice, challenge, conflict, resolve (in relation to conflict), prevent (in relation to conflict), solution (in relation to conflict), rule/law, empathy, impact, bias/opinion

Deeper Learning Questions

Below are possible questions you may like to ask your class. Teachers can use their own discretion and adapt the questions if they feel it is appropriate due to the needs led focus of the PSHE Ed. curriculum. Class teachers to notify the subject leader if they need to make changes.

Autumn 1: My feelings	Autumn 2: My body	Spring 1: My relationships	Spring 2: My beliefs	Summer 1: My rights and responsibilities	Summer 2: Asking for help
'How might your emotions/feelings change as you move through puberty? Will everyone's experiences be the same?' 'Is it always possible to know how someone is feeling through their body language?' 'How else can we know how someone is feeling?'	'How might puberty cause the male body to change?' 'How might puberty cause the female body to change?' 'What do you think will be the hardest physical change of puberty to cope with?'	'What different types of relationships can people be in?' 'What could you do to manage the unhealthy relationship behaviour?'	 'How can we challenge stereotyping and bullying?' 'Why is it important to challenge stereotyping and bullying?' 'Can feedback always be used for personal growth. Discuss and use examples to demonstrate your ideas.' 	 'How do you know who you are sharing your information with?' 'How do you know if that person shares your information with someone else?' 'Someone has had personal information shared about them. How might this make them feel?' 'Discuss the cause and effects of poverty locally and globally.' 'Compare the impact of poverty locally and globally.' 'Discuss and cause and effect of inequality 	'Who could you ask to help you, if you found something online that upset you?' 'Should we believe everything we see online? How can we challenge what we see?' 'What does it mean to have a growth mindset? What does it mean to have a fixed mindset?'

	(including gender inequality) locally and globally.'	
	'Compare the impact of inequality locally and globally.'	
	'Discuss: the media is always biased. It provides no valuable source of information.'	

	Autumn 2	Spring 1			
		Spring I	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World	Relationships	Health and wellbeing	Living in the Wider World
NSPCC PANTS		-			
VIPs – focus on Safe	fety First – taking	One World –	Digital Wellbeing – using	Growing Up – how we	Money Matters - how
relationships, with resp	sponsibility for own	responsibility to live as	the internet positively	grow up and change, both	money is used in the
families, friendship safe	fety, including standing	global citizens, to help the	and how they can look	physically and	wider world. The possible
groups and how up t	to peer pressure, risk	environment and all living	after their wellbeing	emotionally, the types of	consequences of taking
important kindness and asso	sociated with different	things throughout the	online. Potential risks of	relationships that people	financial risks and identify
respect are within these situ	uations and what to do	world through the choices	being online when using	have.	ways to avoid these.
relationships. if in	in danger.	we make.	digital technologies,		This links with GOAL
•	0		strategies to stay safe and	• To learn that bacteria and	(Game of Actual Life)
 different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) (R1) To learn that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together but may also live apart (R5) To learn that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another (R6) To recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure 	To recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe (H11) To learn how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health (H14) To learn about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring (H35) To understand reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes,	 To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone (L2) To learn about the relationship between rights and responsibilities (L3) To learn the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to shoe care and concern for others (L4) To learn ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) (L5) 	 get help. To learn about the benefits or the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online (H13) To understand reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming (H37) To learn the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online, including how to 	 viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it (H9) To recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity (H17) To learn about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings (H18) To learn a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways (H19) To learn strategies to respond to feelings; including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and 	 which year 6 participate in for one half term in Autumn. To learn about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this (L17) To recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' (L18) To learn that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) (L19)

images of themselves and

To learn about personal

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affect others and the

give family members love,

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To learn how to predict,

give running memoers love,		To reality to predict,				inages of themselves and	-	ro icum about personal		Sased
security and stability (R7)		assess and manage risk in	e	environment (e.g. Fair		others; what to do if		identity; what contributes		and w
To recognise other shared		different situations (H38)		trade, buying single-use		frightened or worried by		to who we are (e.g.	•	To lea
characteristics of healthy	•	To learn about hazards		plastics, or giving to		something seen or read		ethnicity, family, gender,		keep
family life, including		(including fire risks) that	0	charity) (L19)		online and how to report		faith, culture, hobbies,	٠	To lea
commitment, care,		may cause harm, injury or				concerns, inappropriate		likes/dislikes) (H25)		assoc
spending time together,		risk in the home and what				content and contact (H42)	•	To recognise their		(e.g. r
being there for each other		they can do to reduce risks			•	To understand the impact		individuality and personal		lost o
in times of difficulty (R8)		and keep safe (H39)				of bullying, including		qualities (H27)		keepi
To learn how to recognise	•	To learn about the				offline and online, and the	•	To learn to identify	•	To lea
if family relationships are		important of taking				consequences of hurtful		personal strengths, skills,		involv
making them feel unhappy		medicines correctly and				behaviour (R19)		achievements and		differ
or unsafe, and how to seek		using household products			•	To learn strategies to		interests and how these		be wo
help or advice (R9)		safely (e.g. following				respond to hurtful		contribute to a sense of		gamb
To learn what constitutes a		instructions carefully)				behaviour experienced or		self-worth (H28)		and th
positive healthy friendship		(H40)				witnessed, offline and	•	To learn to identify the		health
(e.g. mutual respect, trust,	•	To learn strategies for				online; how to report		external genitalia and		future
truthfulness, loyalty,		keeping safe in the local				concerns and get support		internal reproductive		To ide
kindness, generosity,		environment or unfamiliar				(R20)		organs in males and	-	
sharing interests and		places (rail, water, road)			•	To learn about		females and how the		mone
experiences, support with		and firework safety; safe				discrimination: what it		process of puberty relates		peopl emot
problems and difficulties);		use of digital devices when				means and how to		to human reproduction		eniot
that the same principles		out and about (H41)				challenge it (R21)		(H30)		
apply to online friendships	•	To learn what is meant by			•	To learn about privacy and	•	To learn about the physical		
as to face-to-face		first aid; basic techniques				personal boundaries; what		and emotional changes		
relationships (R11)		for dealing with common				is appropriate in		that happen when		
To learn strategies for		injuries (H43)				friendships and wider		approaching and during		
recognising and managing	•	To learn how to respond				relationships (including		puberty (H31)		
peer influence and a desire		and react in an emergency				online) (R22)	•	To learn about how		
for peer approval in		situation; how to identify			•	To understand why		hygiene routines change		
friendships; to recognise		situations that may require				someone may behave		during the time of puberty,		
the effect of online actions		the emergency services;				differently online,		the importance of keeping		
on others (R15)		know how to contact them				including pretending to be		clean and how to maintain		
To understand that		and what to say (H44)				someone they are not;		personal hygiene (H32)		
friendships have ups and	•	To know how to recognise				strategies for recognising	•	To learn about the		
downs; strategies to		pressure from others to do				risks, harmful content and		processes of reproduction		
resolve disputes and		something unsafe or that				contact; how to report		and birth as part of the		
reconcile differences		makes them feel				concerns (R23)		human life cycle; how		
positively and safely (R17)		uncomfortable and			•	To learn how to respond		babies are conceived and		
To recognise if friendship		strategies for managing				safely and appropriately to		born (and that there are		
(online or offline) is		this (R28)				adults they may encounter		ways to prevent a baby		
making them feel unsafe						(in all contexts including		being made); how babies		
or uncomfortable; how to						online) whom they do not		need to be cared for (H33)		
						know (R24)				

based on priorities, needs wants (L20)

- learn different ways to ep track of money (L21)
- learn about risks sociated with money g. money can be won, or stolen) and ways of eping money safe (L22)
- learn about the risks olved in gambling; ferent ways money can won or lost through nbling-related activities I their impact on alth, wellbeing and ture aspirations (L23)
- identify the ways that oney can impact on ople's feelings and notions (L24)

manage this and ask for	To know how to recognise	To learn about where to
support if necessary (R18)	pressure from others to do	get more information, help
To learn about privacy and	something unsafe or that	and advice about growing
personal boundaries; what	makes them feel	and changing, especially
is appropriate in	uncomfortable and	about puberty (H34)
friendships and wider	strategies for managing	To recognise that there are
relationships (including	this (R28)	different types of
online) (R22)	 To recognise ways in which 	relationships (e.g.
To learn about seeking and	the internet and social	friendships, family
giving permission	media can be used both	relationships, romantic
(consent) in different	positively and negatively	relationships, online
situations (R26)	(L11)	relationships) (R1)
To learn how to recognise	To learn how to assess the	To understand that people
pressure from others to do	reliability of sources of	may be attracted to
something unsafe or that	information online; and	someone emotionally,
makes them feel	how to make safe, reliable	romantically and sexually;
uncomfortable and	choices from search	that people may be
strategies for managing	results (L12)	attracted to someone of
this (R28)	• To learn about some of the	the same sex or different
To know where to get	different ways information	sex to them; that gender
advice and report	and data is shared and	identity and sexual
concerns if worried about	used online, including for	orientation are different
their own or someone	commercial purposes (L13)	(R2)
else's personal safety	To learn about how	To learn about marriage
(including online) (R29)	information on the	and civil partnership as a
To understand that	internet is ranked,	legal declaration of
personal behaviour can	selected and targeted at	commitment made by two
affect other people; to	specific individuals and	adults who love and care
recognise and model	groups; that connected	for each other, which is
respectful behaviour	devices can share	intended to be lifelong
online (R30)	information (L14)	(R3)
To understand that	To recognise things	To learn that forcing
personal behaviour can	appropriate to share and	anyone to marry against
affect other people; to	things that should not be	their will is a crime; that
recognise and model	shared on social media;	help and support is
respectful behaviour	rules surrounding	available to people who
online (R33)	distribution of images	are worried about this for
	(L15)	themselves or others (R4)
	 To learn about how text 	To understand that people
	and images in the media	who love and care for each
	and on social media can be	other can be in a
	manipulated or invented;	committed relationship
	strategies to evaluate the	(e.g. marriage), living
	reliability of sources and	
	reliability of sources and	

			identify misinformation	together, but may also live	
			(L16)	apart (R5)	
				 To recognise and respect 	
				that there are different	
				types of family structure;	
				that families of all types	
				can give family members	
				love, security and stability	
				(R7)	
				 To recognise different 	
				types of physical contact;	
				what is acceptable and	
				unacceptable; strategies to	
				respond to unwanted	
				physical contact (R25)	
				To learn about	
				stereotypes; how they can	
				negatively influence	
				behaviours and attitudes	
				towards others; strategies	
				for challenging stereotypes	
				(L9)	
				 To recognise ways in which 	
				the internet and social	
				media can be used both	
				positively and negatively	
				(L11)	
				 To learn about how text 	
				and images in the media	
				and on social media can be	
				manipulated or invented;	
				strategies to evaluate the	
				reliability of sources and	
				identify misinformation	
				(L16)	
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
behaviour, blame, breathe,	actions, bleeding, burns,	biodiversity, citizens,	appropriate, bullying,	acceptable, adopted, advice,	adverts, bank account,
calm, code, connections,	choking, consequences, danger,	citizenship, deforestation,	cyberbullying, cyberstalking,	acne, affection, asexual,	borrowing, budgeting, charity,
consequences, digital	dare, decisions, DR ABC,	ecosystem, energy,	data sharing, denigration,	bisexual, body image, breasts,	comparison, consumers, critical
wellbeing, decisions, disagree,	emergency, firework alert, first	environmental issues, global,	digital citizenship, digital	caesarean, care, change,	consumer, deal, debt, ethical
emotions, escape, exercise,	aid, hazards, healthy,	global warming, greenhouse	wellbeing, emotional wellbeing,	Childline, cisgender, civil	spending, fair trade, financial
family, friends, honesty,	independent, mature,	effect, manifesto, plastic,	exclusion, fact, fake news, fear,	partnership, commitment,	risk, gain, inflation, influence,
influences, instincts, jealousy,	medicines, pressure, rail safe,	pollution, positive action,	flaming, harassment, healthy,	communication, conception,	interest, investment, luxury,

lie, love, mindfulness, opinions,	responsible, risks, road smart,	protect, reduce, resources,	inappropriate content,	condom, consideration,	manufacturer, money, need,
polite, positive, pressure,	rules, safety, scalds, shock,	responsible, save,	inappropriate relationships,	contraception, discharge,	outgoings, plastic pollution,
relationships (healthy and	strangers, substances, water	sustainability, waste, water	impersonation, internet, mental	ejaculate, emotions, fertilise,	profit, risk, retailers, saving,
unhealthy), relax, remind,	aware		health, misinformation, online	foetus, gay, heterosexual,	scam, single use spending,
resolution, respect, safety,			relationships, opinion, outing,	homosexual, honesty,	steal, tax (council, income)
secrets, unhappy, unsettled,			pressure, reliability, respect,	hormones, ideal, identity,	value, want
VIPS (Very Important People)			risks, safe, sharing, social	kindness, lesbian, love, loyalty,	
			media, technology, trolling,	marriage, menstruation,	
			worry	ovaries, perfect, penis, periods,	
				puberty, pubic hair, race,	
				relationships, reproduction,	
				same-sex, semen, sex, sexual	
				intercourse, sexual orientation,	
				sexual relationship, social	
				media, sperm, STI (sexually	
				transmitted infection), testicles,	
				touch (comfortable and	
				uncomfortable), transgender,	
				trust, uterus, vulva, womb	
I					

	Year 6: RSE Curriculum						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help		
Pupils can recognise how images in the media, including online do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves. Pupils can evaluate ways in which own emotions, words and behaviour can affect people both locally and globally.	Pupils can explain what sexual intercourse is and how this leads to reproduction, using the correct, scientific terms to describe the male and female organs.	Pupils realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, including the use of prejudicial based language.	Pupils know some cultural practices are against British law and universal human rights, including female genital mutilation (FGM). Pupils know the impacts of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination and how to challenge these.	Pupils have an awareness that infections can be shared during sexual intercourse, and that a condom can help to prevent this. Pupils can identify, explore and discuss examples of conflicts past and present in own society and others.	Pupils develop the confidence and skills to know when, who and how to ask for help independently or with support.		

	Pupils know the importance of language, beliefs and values in cultural identities.Pupils can discuss importance of resolving conflict fairly and develop a range of strategies to resolve some personal conflicts fairly.Pupils know importance of citizens, societies and governments respecting and defending people's human rights current and historicalPupils can discuss importance of resolving conflict fairly and develop a range of strategies to resolve some personal conflicts			
Skills	Outcomes			
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? Are they aware of risks and how to deal with them? Can pupils identify stereotypes, prejudices and discrimination and discuss possible ways to challenge them? Can pupils identify conflicts (both past and present) in own society and others? Can pupils identify how a lack of power and representation can result in discrimination and exclusion? Are pupils aware of the power of collective action in changing lives? Can pupils discuss and explain ways in which their own feelings and views can impact the lives of others? Can pupils demonstrate a sense of solidarity with those suffering human rights violations, injustice and discrimination? 	 To understand what hormones are To explore different strategies to deal with changes To explain physical changes in males and females (periods, puberty) To be able to identify some risks in specific situations To be able to identify what influences their decisions To understand how self-confidence, communication skills and assertiveness can help them to keep safe To develop a range of strategies for challenging prejudices. To be able to identify conflicts (both past and present) within own society and others. To discuss the impact of conflict, both past and present, within own society and others. To understand how to resolve some personal conflicts fairly. To be able to adapt to new situations and explore new ways of seeing local and global issues To demonstrate a belief that people can often make a greater difference when they take action collectively To be able to respect for the rights of all to have a point of view To demonstrate a recognition of diverse perspectives on any issue, and that the majority view is not always right 			
Stereotypes, gender roles, similar, different, male, female, penis, vagina, period, puberty, risk transphobic, vulva, clitoris, circumcision, female genital mutilation, infection, sexually transm				

contribution, rights and responsibilities, racism, sexism, stereotype, discrimination, prejudice, challenge, conflict, resolve (in relation to conflict), prevent (in relation to conflict), solution (in relation to conflict), rule/law, empathy, impact, bias/opinion

Deeper Learning Questions Below are possible questions you may like to ask your class. Teachers can use their own discretion and adapt the questions if they feel it is appropriate due to the needs led focus of the PSHE Ed. curriculum. Class teachers to notify the subject leader if they need to make changes.						
Autumn 1: My feelings	Autumn 2: My body	Spring 1: My relationships	Spring 2: My beliefs	Summer 1: My rights and responsibilities	Summer 2: Asking for help	
'What do you think young children learn about their bodies from playing with toys like a Barbie? What impact do you think these unrealistic toys and characters can have on how someone feels about their own body?' 'How does it feel to give someone a compliment? How does it feel to receive a compliment?' 'Why is it important to feel positive about how you look?' 'How can our feelings impact others? Are we always responsible for this?'	 'What do you think will be the hardest emotional change to go through during puberty?' 'How does good physical health improve mental health? Do the two impacts on each other?' 	Evaluate the impact and consequences of discrimination. 'What responsibilities do we have towards preventing discrimination? What responsibilities do others have towards helping to prevent discrimination?'	 'What would it be like if someone didn't let you have any of your favourite things? Evaluate the impact of stereotyping and suggest ways it can be prevented. Why is it important to have our human rights defended? At what cost should they be protected? Is it ever right to take away someone's human rights?' 'Should all cultural practices be respected? Explain your answers with views for and against. 	'How can we prevent a cold from being shared?' 'Sometimes true, always true, never true: Conflict is always necessary to resolve disagreements and problems.' 'Sometimes true, always true, never true. We are always responsible for managing personal conflicts.'	 'How can we ask for help?' 'Where are best places to seek support?' 'Can we challenge some advice that we are given?' 'What is the impact of growth mindset on our own personal growth?' 'How can we support other who might be finding things difficult?' 'Is it our responsibility to fix other people's problems? What could you do if you don't know how to solve a 	

Appendix 1: Cross curricular links

	Year 1 and 2 PSHE E	ducation Curric	ulum
•	Cross curr	icular links	
Maths	Data handling – extracting information to back up opinions Logical reasoning and problem solving	Science	Working scientifically – asking questions, research skills Animals including humans – noticing similarities and differences (Cycle 2) Describing basic human needs for survival (Cycle 1) Describing a healthy lifestyle – including diet, hygiene and exercise (Cycle 1)
English	A range of guided reading books and Power of Reading texts covering a range of contexts and issues appropriate for the year group, including but not limited to: relationships, war, refugees, racism, health and economic wellbeing, family dynamics and cultural differences. LTE - builds on collaborative, group work and the principle that the children work in mixed ability groups to share their knowledge, skills and understanding to maximise their success and ideas they come up with. The work is based in speaking and listening, sharing individual ideas but ultimately, agreeing on a final idea or answer as a whole group	Computing	Staying safe online and privacy Consideration and respect in online communication Reporting concerns about inappropriate behaviour online Acceptable and unacceptable online behaviour Need for rules for safety Reliability of information on the internet - verifying information Keeping personal information private Cyber bullying is unacceptable, how to report it
RE	Asking questions – human/social sciences Understanding other religions and beliefs, diversity Links between beliefs and behaviour Humanism - human rights Religious Holidays Understanding how religious stories can help to guide some people's choices.	Humanities	 Asking questions, using evidence to explain findings Understanding physical and human geography – the understanding of human impact on the world and where people live Human geography: types of settlement, land use, economic activity, trade links, distribution of natural resources such as energy, food, minerals and water Using maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied History – Develop an understanding of chronology and changes over time. How does this impact on their lives now? Asking and answering questions about why changes have occurred. Considering historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance
PE	Teamwork / Sportsmanship Fairness Recognising good performances in themselves and others Calming and self-regulating emotions Competing individually and with others	Art	Evaluating work of others respectfully, being supportive and developing ideas Feeling and emotion – how this can be shown in their work
Music	Expressing thoughts and opinions on different musical styles. Working collaboratively to create a piece of music. Listen to music from different cultures - asking and answering questions.	School Council	Democracy Kindness, compassion, responsibility, courage British values
		RSE	Complimentary units covered through the units: My Feelings, My Body, My Relationships, My Beliefs, My Rights and Responsibilities, Asking for Help

	Year 3 and 4 PSHE E	ducation Curric	ulum			
Cross curricular links						
Maths	Data handling – extracting information to back up opinions Logical reasoning and problem solving	Art	Evaluating work of others respectfully, being supportive and developing ideas Feeling and emotion – how this can be shown in their work			
English	 A range of guided reading books and Power of Reading texts covering a range of contexts and issues appropriate for the English group, including but not limited to: relationships, war, refugees, racism, health and wellbeing, family dynamics and cultural differences. LTE - builds on collaborative, group work and the principle that the children work in mixed ability groups to share their knowledge, skills and understanding to maximise their success and ideas they come up with. The work is based in speaking and listening, sharing individual ideas but ultimately, agreeing on a final idea or answer as a whole group 	RE	Asking questions – human/social sciences Understanding other religions and beliefs, diversity Links between beliefs and behaviour Humanism- human rights Hinduism – Moral issues Religious Holidays			
Science	Health and Movement –Year 1, Autumn 1 Living in Environments – Year 2, Summer 2 Working scientifically – asking questions, research skills	MFL	Celebrating language and culture Linking languages with languages we speak If everyone spoke the same language what would happen?			
Computing	Staying safe online and privacy Consideration and respect in online communication Reporting concerns about inappropriate behaviour online Acceptable and unacceptable online behaviour Need for rules for safety Reliability of information on the internet - verifying information Keeping personal information private Cyber bullying is unacceptable, how to report it	PE	Teamwork / Sportsmanship Fairness Recognising good performances in themselves and others Calming and self-regulating emotions Competing individually and with others			
Humanities	Asking questions, using evidence to explain findings Understanding physical and human geography – the understanding of human impact on the world and where people live	Music	Bringing Us Together – Year 3, Summer 1 Blackbird – Year 4, Summer 1 – civil rights movement			
	Human geography: types of settlement, land use, economic activity, trade links, distribution of natural resources such as energy, food, minerals and water	School Council	Democracy			
	 Using maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied History – Develop an understanding the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time. Considering historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance Chronologically secure knowledge of British, local and world history, understanding clear narratives within and across periods of study 	RSE	Complimentary units covered through the units: My Feelings, My Body, My Relationships, My Beliefs, My Rights and Responsibilities, Asking for Help			

	Year 5 and 6 PSHE E	ducation Curric	ulum			
Cross curricular links						
Maths	Data handling – extracting information to back up opinions Logical reasoning and problem solving	Art	Evaluating work of others respectfully, being supportive and developing ideas Feeling and emotion – how this can be shown in their work			
English	 A range of guided reading books and Power of Reading texts covering a range of contexts and issues appropriate for the English group, including but not limited to: relationships, war, refugees, racism, health and wellbeing, family dynamics and cultural differences. LTE - builds on collaborative, group work and the principle that the children work in mixed ability groups to share their knowledge, skills and understanding to maximise their success and ideas they come up with. The work is based in speaking and listening, sharing individual ideas but ultimately, agreeing on a final idea or answer as a whole group 	RE	Asking questions – human/social sciences Understanding other religions and beliefs, diversity Links between beliefs and behaviour Humanism- human rights Hinduism – Moral issues Religious Holidays			
Science	Healthy Bodies – Year 2, Autumn 1 Changes and Reproduction – Year 2, Summer 2 Living in Environments – Year 2, Summer 2 Working Scientifically – asking questions, using evidence to explore ideas, presenting findings of research	MFL	Celebrating language and culture Why do different languages exist? Would it be easier if everyone spoke the same language? Why/why not?			
Computing	Staying safe online and privacy – complex passwords Using technology safely and respectfully Responsibilities creating content online Reporting concerns about inappropriate behaviour online Need for rules for safety Reliability of information on the internet - verifying information Keeping personal information private Cyber bullying is unacceptable, how to report it	PE	Teamwork / Sportsmanship Fairness – rules to be consistent and fairly applied Understanding why exercise if good for fitness, health and wellbeing Recognising good performances in themselves and others Calming and self-regulating emotions Competing individually and with others			
Humanities	 Asking questions, using evidence to explain findings Understanding physical and human geography – the understanding of human impact on the world and where people live Human geography: types of settlement, land use, economic activity, trade links, distribution of natural resources such as energy, food, minerals and water Using maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied History – Develop an understanding the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time. Considering historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance Chronologically secure knowledge of British, local and world history, understanding clear narratives within and across periods of study 	Music	MusicMake You Feel My Love - Year 5 Spring 1 – relationships, emotionsFresh Prince of Bel Air – Year 5, Spring 2 - Black History/ CultureHappy – Year 6, Autumn 1 – emotionsMusic and Identity – Year 6, Spring 2You've Got a Friend – Year 6, Summer 1 – relationships			
		School Council	Democracy			
		RSE	Complimentary units covered through the units: My Feelings, My Body, My Relationships, My Beliefs, My Rights and Responsibilities, Asking for Help			
		Year 6 complete a 6 week programme – Game of Actual Life (GOAL) – Children role play as young adults, learning about health, houses, careers and happiness. This is delivered by Premier Education's Game of Actual Life helps children understand some of the trickier aspects of maths through real life situations. The course covers bank accounts, mortgages and pensions through games and challenges.				