

# Key Stage 2 SATs

A School Presentation to Parents

#### **Assessment and Reporting**

- As of 2014, the 'old' national curriculum levels (e.g. level 3, 4, 5) were abolished as set out in government guidelines.
- The 2014 curriculum is rigorous and sets noticeably higher expectations than previous curricula, which is why all schools have had to work hard to meet and adapt to it since its introduction.
- Since 2016, test scores have been reported as 'scaled scores'.

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#### **Scaled Scores**

What is meant by 'scaled scores'?

- •It is planned that 100 will always represent the 'national standard'.
- •Each pupil's raw test score will therefore be converted into a score on the scale, either at, above or below 100.
- •The scale will have a lower end point somewhere below 100 and an upper end point above 100.
- •A child who achieves the 'national standard' (a score of 100) will be judged to have demonstrated sufficient knowledge in the areas assessed by the tests.
- •Each pupil receives:
- oa scaled score in each tested subject;
- oconfirmation of whether or not they attained the national standard.

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#### **Scaled Score Examples**

On publication of the test results in July:

- •a child awarded a scaled score of 100 is judged to have met the 'national standard' in the area judged by the test;
- •a child awarded a scaled score of more than 115 is judged to have exceeded the national standard and demonstrated a higher than expected knowledge of the curriculum for their age;
- •a child awarded a scaled score of less than 100 is judged to have not yet met the national standard and performed below the expectation for their age.

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# **Higher-Attaining Pupils**

- In the past, Key Stage 2 tests were aimed at children achieving levels 3-5 (with a national expectation to reach at least level 4).
- This meant that additional level 6 tests were produced for children who demonstrated higher than expected attainment (above level 5).
- Under the new system, there are not any separate tests for the most-able children.
- Instead, each test will have scope for higher-attaining pupils to show their strengths.
- This means that some questions towards the end of the tests may be more difficult for many children but they should be encouraged to attempt as much of the test as they are able to.

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#### The Tests

Key Stage 2 SATs take place nationally in the week commencing 8th May 2017

Statutory tests will be administered in the following subjects:

- Reading (60 minutes)
- Spelling (approximately 15 minutes)
- o Punctuation, Vocabulary and Grammar (45 minutes)
- Mathematics
  - Paper 1: Arithmetic (30 minutes)
  - Paper 2: Reasoning (40 minutes)
  - Paper 3: Reasoning (40 minutes)
- All tests are externally marked.
- As in recent years, writing will be teacher assessed internally.

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# Monday 8th - Reading

Tuesday 9th - SPAG and spelling

Wednesday 10<sup>th</sup> — Arithmetic and Reasoning

Thursday 11th - Reasoning





### Reading

- The reading test consists of a single test paper with three unrelated reading texts. Children are given 60 minutes in total, which includes reading the texts and answering the questions. They will read the first text for 5 minutes, then answer the questions based on that text for 15 minutes. This will then be repeated for the other texts.
- A total of 50 marks are available.
- Questions are designed to assess the comprehension and understanding of a child's reading.
- During the reading paper, a child's inference and deduction skills are thoroughly tested. They will also be expected to answer questions on authorial choices: explaining why an author has chosen to use particular vocabulary, grammar and text features.
- Some questions are multiple choice or selected response; others require shor answers and some require an extended response or explanation.

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# **Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling**

- A spelling test is administered containing 20 words, which lasts approximately 15 minutes.
- A separate test is given on grammar, punctuation and vocabulary.
- This test lasts for 45 minutes and requires short answer questions including some multiple choice.
- Marks for these two tests are added together to give a total for grammar, punctuation and spelling.

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#### **Mathematics**

- The mathematics tests have undergone the biggest change in recent years.
- Children will sit three tests: paper 1, paper 2 and paper 3.
- Paper 1 is for arithmetic lasting for 30 minutes, covering calculation methods for all operations, including use of fractions, percentages and decimals. Fractions much always be written in the simplest form.
- Papers 2 and 3 cover problem solving and reasoning, each lasting for 40 minutes.
- Pupils will still require calculation skills but will need to answer questions in context and decide what is required to find a solution.

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#### How to Help Your Child

- First and foremost, support and reassure your child that there is nothing to worry about and they should always just try their best. Praise and encourage!
- Ensure your child has the best possible attendance at school. If they are ill on the day of the test, they won't be able to re-sit it at another time which could mean they will not get an overall score for that subject.
- Support your child with short bursts of revision. The bitesize websites and mathletics are great for this.
- Reading, spelling and arithmetic (e.g. times tables) are always good to practise.
- Talk to your child about what they have learnt at school and what book(s) they are reading (the character, the plot, their opinion).
- Make sure your child has a good sleep and healthy breakfast every morning!
  Please send them in with a snack during SATs week.

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