





















Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats. Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

Vocabulary: habitat, micro-habitat energy, food chain, predator, prey



Seaside Art (collage): Use a range of materials creatively to

design and make products. Artist Study: Angelika Heckhausen

Internet and PowerPoint

safety, copy, paste, toolbar

**Vocabulary**: modify, texture, pattern, overlapping, overlay

## **English**

Focus text: 10 things I can do to help my world by Melanie Walsh

**Genres:** poetry, conservation poster, persuasive writing

Let's Think In English: Wild



**Enrichment trip: SEA LIFE Great Yarmouth Aquarium Centre** 

Computing

Vocabulary: save, edit, search, icon, font, text, keyboard, e-

Christianity/Multi: How did the universe come to be?

Vocabulary: Brahma, Care, Christian, Creation, God, Hindu, Origin, Universe, Vishnu



#### PSHE/ RSE

PHSE Ed: Living in the Wider

World

RSE: Asking for help

Vocabulary Y1: achievement, ambition,

PE - Games

Sending and collecting skills. Overarm and

competitive mini team games using skills

Vocabulary: Speed, Rules, Teamwork,

Catching, Team, Overarm, Underarm,

of throwing, catching and running. Scoring

future, goal, progress, skill Vocabulary Y2: bank, buy, online, payment, price, spend, safe, value

underarm throwing. Creating own

and leading their own games.

Bounce, Cool down, Warm up

### Music

How does music teach us about looking after our planet? - Model Music curriculum Year 1 Unit Summer 2. **Vocabulary**: beat, compose, high, low, perform,

percussion, pitch, rhythm, tempo, evaluate

# Maths

Y1: Number place value within 100, Money, Time Vocabulary: equal to, most, least, tens, ones, odd, even, half past, clock face, hour hand, minute hands, hours, minute.

Y2: Statistics, Position and Direction, Problem Solving Vocabulary: clockwise, anti-clockwise, right angle, rotation, tally, block graph, pictogram, represent.

### Geography

Use basic geographical vocabulary. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks. Use simple compass directions and locational and simple directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Devise a simple map. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features using a range of methods. Vocabulary: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, and weather















